Mega Financial Holding Company

Minutes of the 2017 Annual General Shareholders' Meeting

Time and Date: 9:00 a.m., June 16, 2017

Place: 13/F, Jilin Bldg. of Mega International Commercial Bank, No. 100, Jilin Road, Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Total shares represented by shareholders present in person or by proxy:

10,046,168,829 shares (including 8,802,865,833 shares represented by shareholders participating the meeting though electronic means).

Percentage of shares held by shareholders present in person or by proxy: 82.35% of the total number of 12,198,692,252 issued shares, excluding 1,401,131,731 shares held by shareholders residing in China.

Attending directors: (11 directors)

Directors

Chao-Shun Chang, Li-Yen Yang, Chia-Chi Hsiao, Cheng-Te Liang, Chun- Lan Yen, Wen-Ling Hung, Shiow-Huey Yeh, Chiu-Fa Tsai

Independent Directors

Tsun-Siou Li, Chi-Hung Lin, Keh-Nan Sun

Observers:

Hwa-Inn Kai, Attoney-at-Law, Lotus International Law Office
Joseph Lin, Attoney-at-Law, Lin & Shih Law Office
Chien-Hung Chou, CPA from PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan

Chairman: Chao-Shun Chang

Recorder: Chia-Min Hong

- 1. Announce a quorum is present and call the meeting to order
- 2. Chairman's Remarks (omitted)
- 3. Company Reports
 - (1) 2016 Business Report (Noted)
 - (2) Audit Committee's Review Report on the 2016 Financial Statements (Noted)

- (3) The Distribution of Employees' and Directors' Remuneration for the Year 2016 (Noted)
- (4) Report on the Promulgation of Relevant Laws and Regulations Governing the Holding of Voting Shares of the Same Financial Holding Company Exceeding a Certain Percentage by a Same Person or Same Affiliated Person (Noted)

(Shareholders' questions and the management's responses are omitted)

4. Matters for Recognition

<u>Proposal 1</u>: Adoption of 2016 Business Report and Financial Statements. (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Explanation: The Company's financial statements were audited by CPA, Chien-Hung Chou, and King-Tse Huang, of PricewaterhouseCoopers. The Financial Statements described above and the Business Report of 2016 have been authorized by the Board and examined by the Audit Committee. The 2016 Business Report and Financial Statements are attached as Attachment 1 and Attachment 3.

(Shareholders' questions and the management's responses are omitted) Voting results:

Shares represented at the time of voting: 10,046,095,839

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·-	Number of Votes	Percentage		
Votes in favor	8,795,076,718	87.54%		
Votes against	3,090,225	0.03%		
Votes abstained	1,220,279,311	12.15%		
Votes invalid	27,649,585	0.28%		

RESOLVED, that the 2016 Business Report and Financial Statements be and hereby were accepted as submitted.

<u>Proposal 2</u>: Adoption of the Proposal for Distribution of 2016 Earnings.
(Proposed by the Board of Directors)

- Explanation: 1. The Board of Directors is proposed to distribute a dividend of NT\$1.42 per share in cash with aggregate cash dividends of NT\$19,311,750,056.
 - 2. If the number of shares outstanding is changed due to share buyback, transfer, conversion, cancellation of treasury shares or other circumstances, the Board is authorized to adjust the dividend pay-out ratio based on the cash dividend resolved to be distributed and the

number of shares outstanding on the ex-dividend record date.

3. The 2016 Profit Distribution Proposal is attached as Attachment 4. (Shareholders' questions and the management's responses are omitted) Voting results:

Shares represented at the time of voting: 10,046,095,839

	Number of Votes	Percentage
Votes in favor	8,831,323,803	87.90%
Votes against	3,046,306	0.03%
Votes abstained	1,184,076,145	11.79%
Votes invalid	27,649,585	0.28%

RESOLVED, that the above proposal for distribution of 2016 earnings be and hereby was accepted as proposed.

5. Matters for Discussion

<u>Proposal 1</u>: Amendment to the Company's "Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets". (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

Explanation: 1. In order to comply with the amendments made to the Regulations

Governing the Acquisition or Disposal of Assets by Public Companies,

we propose to amend 12 articles and delete 1 article of the Company's

Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets.

- 2. The key points of this amendment are provided as follows:
 - (1) "Derivatives" and their definition are added in related articles. (Articles 3, 4 and 6)
 - (2) The article specifying work allocation among various departments for public announcement and filing procedures is deleted. (Article 12)
 - (3) An amendment is made to exempt the requirement of obtaining an expert opinion in case of mergers with, directly or indirectly, whollyowned subsidiaries. (Article 17)
 - (4) The threshold triggering public announcement and reporting requirement is raised from NT\$500 million per transaction to NT\$1 billion for transactions involving equipment for business use with an unrelated party. (Article 25)
- 3. The Comparison of the Amended Provisions of the Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets is attached as Attachment 5.
- 4. This proposal has been approved by the 28th meeting of the 6th term of Board of Directors on March 28, 2017.

Voting results:

Shares represented at the time of voting: 10,046,168,829

	Number of Votes	Percentage
Votes in favor	8,775,918,448	87.35%
Votes against	2,640,222	0.03%
Votes abstained	1,267,610,159	12.62%
Votes invalid	0	0.00%

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

Proposal 2: Proposal of Releasing the Prohibition of Directors from Participation in Competitive Business (Proposed by the Board of Directors)

- Explanation: 1. In accordance with Article 209 of the Company Act, a director who does anything for himself or on behalf of another person that is within the scope of the company's business, shall explain to the shareholders' meeting the essential contents of such an act and secure its approval.
 - 2. Certain directors, including juristic person and its representative, of the Company participate in the operations, or appoint representative to serve as Director or Executive Vice President, of another company that engages in the same or similar business as the Company. These Directors have not obtained approval from the shareholders' meeting. It is proposed that the shareholders' meeting release the following directors from the non-competition restrictions according to the Article 209 of the Company Act.

Position	Name of Director	Concurrent Position	Position Held
Chairman	Chao-Shun Chang	Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation	Director
Director (concurrently President)	Li-Yen Yang	Financial Information Service Co., Ltd.	Director
Independent Director	Tsun-Siou Li	Taiwan Futures Exchange Corporation	Director
Director	Ye-Chin Chiou	Bank of Taiwan Co., Ltd.	Executive Vice President
Director	Chiu-Fa Tsai	China Investment Limited Company	Director

Position	Name of Director	Concurrent Position	Position Held
		Taiwan Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	Director
		Land Bank of Taiwan Co., Ltd.	Director
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Person	Ministry of	Taiwan Cooperative Holding Co., Ltd.	Director
Shareholder	Shareholder	First Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	Director
		Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	Director
	Chang Hwa Commerciał Bank, Ltd.	Director	
	Taiwan Business Bank, Ltd.	Director	
		Hua Nan Financial Holdings Co., Ltd.	Director
Person	Bank of Taiwan	China Development Financial Holding Corporation	Director
	Co., Ltd.	First Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	Director
Shareholder		Taiwan Business Bank, Ltd.	Director
		Taiwan Fire & Marine Insurance Co., Ltd.	Director

^{3.} This proposal has been approved by the 28th meeting of the 6th term of Board of Directors on March 28, 2017.

Voting results:

Name of director	Shares voted *	Votes in favor (%)	Votes against (%)	Votes abstained (%)	Votes invalid
Ministry of Finance	8,903,124,946	6,566,372,402 (73.75%)	3,934,742 (0.05%)	2,332,817,802 (26.20%)	0
Chao-Shun Chang	8,902,837,233	6,566,335,701 (73.75%)	4,056,247 (0.05%)	2,332,445,285 (26.20%)	0
Li-Yen Yang	8,903,124,946	6,561,566,625 (73.69%)	4,027,700 (0.05%)	2,337,530,621 (26.26%)	0
Chiu-Fa Tsai	8,902,991,155	6,566,330,050 (73.75%)	4,028,541 (0.05%)	2,332,632,564 (26.20%)	0
Bank of Taiwan Co., Ltd.	9,711,217,450	7,374,506,947 (75.93%)	3,965,097 (0.05%)	2,332,745,406 (24.02%)	0
Ye-Chin Chiou	9,711,217,450	7,374,425,498 (75.93%)	4,006,300 (0.04%)	2,332,785,652 (24.02%)	0

Name of director	Shares voted *	Votes in favor (%)	Votes against (%)	Votes abstained (%)	Votes invalid
Tsun-Siou Li	10,046,168,829	7,709,184,047 (76.73%)	4,185,656 (0.05%)	2,332,799,126 (23.22%)	0

^{*} Shareholders having conflicts of interest recuse themselves from voting.

RESOLVED, that the above proposal be and hereby was approved as proposed.

6. Special Motions

(None)

7. Adjournment: 13:14 p.m.

Attachments

Attachment 1. 2016 Business Report

Attachment 2. Audit Committee's Review Report

Attachment 3. 2016 Financial Statements

Attachment 4. 2016 Profit Distribution Proposal

Attachment 5. Comparison of the Amended Provisions of the "Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets"

Attachment 1

Mega Financial Holding Co., Ltd. 2016 Business Report

Affected by the slowing global demand and the slide in raw material prices, the global economic performance of 2016 remained undesirable. With advanced countries such as the United States continuing to suffer from sluggish exports and weakened investment momentum for the first half of the year, the economy recovery pace continued to slow down. For the second half of the year, on the other hand, the global economy gradually improved in the midst of stabilizing energy prices and global demand gaining momentum. According to the International Monetary Fund (IMF)'s estimates in January 2017, the global economic growth rate of 2016 was 3.1%, the lowest level since the financial crises. The global economy will gradually recover in 2017. The estimated global economic growth rate is 3.4%. There are, however, numerous risk variables facing the global economy at present that are worth paying attention to continuously, including the economic and trade policy stances and interest increasing pace of the new US administration, the growth momentums of Mainland China and emerging economies, the anti-establishment wave in Europe, geopolitical risks, changes in prices of international raw materials, and surging trade protectionism. All of these have an effect on the global economic prospect.

Domestically, the economy did not show any significant improvements for the first half of 2016, either. For the second half of the year, however, stimulated by the demand for smart products, exports returned somewhat, which gradually drove investment plans of the domestic manufacturing sector. The annual economic growth rate of 2016 announced by the Directorate General of Budget, Accounting and Statistics, Executive Yuan in February 2017 was 1.50%. Looking into 2017, given the facts that external demand has gained momentum and that the government is pro-actively implementing measures to boost the economy, it is expected that the internal demand will climb gradually and hence the economic growth rate of 2017 is estimated to be 1.92%.

Besides the persistent sluggish external economy, internally, there is a US\$180 million penalty imposed on the subsidiary, Mega International Commercial Bank, by the New York Department of Financial Services in August 2016 for violating the state's anti-money laundering laws. Under the two unfavorable external and internal factors, the consolidated after-tax net profits of the Company for 2016 totaled NT\$ 22,443 million, a year-on-year decline of NT\$6,830 million or 23.33% from 2015, while EPS was NT\$1.65. The operation results of the Company in 2016 are shown below.

I. Operating Guidelines

- (1) Cultivating customer relationships and creating group synergy
- (2) Concentrating and focusing on our core business to create the greatest value for shareholders
- (3) Enhancing the Group's risk management and fortifying warning system
- (4) Strengthening the information security management and promoting digital processing capability
- (5) Reinforcing corporate governance and building up a culture of compliance
- (6) Promoting relationships with institutional investors and increasing information transparency

II. Implementation Overview

(1) Continue to enhance the subsidiary's business

The subsidiaries of the Company had continued to enhance their business operations in 2016 based on the existing foundation. In terms of corporate finance business, Mega International Commercial Bank's syndicated loan business had a market share of 8.54% in 2016, ranked in the 3rd place in the syndicated loan market in Taiwan. The credit business had a market share of 7.16% in 2016, ranked in the 3rd place; the loan business had a market share of 6.60%, and corporate loan business had a market share of 6.93%, all ranking in 4th place. The SME loan business had a market share of 7.33%, ranking in 5th place among the domestic banks in Taiwan. In terms of consumer finance and wealth management business, the Bank had a consumer loan outstanding of NT\$393.7 billion by the end of 2016, representing an annual growth of 0.87% from the year of 2015. The total wealth management profit of the Group in 2016 was NT\$3.051 billion, declining 0.92% from the year of 2015. The CP2 issued amounts of Mega Bills had a market share of 28.50% in 2016. The bills trading in the secondary market had a market share of 33.33%; the bond trading had a market share of 30.55% and the bills guarantee business had a market share of 29.21%, all ranking in first place in the market. Mega Securities' securities brokerage market share was 2.79% in 2016, ranking in 9th place in the market. Chung Kuo Insurance's marine insurance business had a market share of 8.85% in 2016, ranking in 4th place in the market. The aviation insurance business had a market share of 15.12%, ranking in 3rd place in market.

- (2) Strengthened regulatory compliance and risk control
 - A. Shaping a culture of compliance

Instead of "business first" that was followed in the past, we will be "taking care of both regulatory compliance and business expansion at the same time" from now on. Substantial measures taken include organizational adjustment,

employment of full-time compliance staff, system upgrade, employee's training and modified performance rating criteria; all are meant to make regulatory compliance a reality.

B. Comprehensive upgrade of the anti-money laundering profile The Bank has established an exclusive department responsible for anti-money laundering, hired related professionals, reinforced the anti-money laundering system, promoted its capabilities to monitor suspicious activities and enhanced training in an effort to strengthen its ability in anti-money

C. Continuous effective risk management

laundering.

The Company has adjusted its operating strategies by keeping track of the regional market dynamics. Effective implementation of internal control and internal audit control system, and risk management are reinforced to accomplish sustainable development.

III . Business Operations of the Subsidiaries

According to the Financial Holding Company Act, the business scope of a Financial Holding Company shall be limited to investment in, and management of, its invested enterprise(s). In 2016, the subsidiaries of the Company continued to strengthen their business operations upon the current achievement. The operation results of our subsidiary companies are summarized as follows:

(1) Mega International Commercial Bank

Units: NT\$ million, except foreign exchange in US\$ million

Year Item	2016	2015	Change (%)
Deposits	2,189,718	2,080,552	5.25
Bills discounted and loans	1,739,548	1,765,178	-1.45
Corporate financing	1,356,748	1,377,601	-1.51
Consumers financing (excluding credit card loans)	382,800	387,577	-1.23
Foreign exchange business	805,160	842,207	-4.40
Securities purchased	435,646	380,305	14.55
Long-term equity investments	22,208	23,472	-5.39
Credit card loans	1,155	1,230	-6.10

Note: 1. All figures above are average monthly balance.

2. The non-performing loans outstanding at the end of 2016 amounted to NT\$1,631

million, representing a non-performing loan ratio of 0.09%, while its bad debt coverage ratio was 1,614.16%.

(2) Mega Securities Co., Ltd. (MSC)

	Item	2016	2015	Change(%)
Securities	Market share	2.79%	2.87%	0.50
brokerage	Trainer share	(rank 9)	(rank 9)	-2.79
	Number of initial public offering lead	4	5	
Equity	managed by MSC	(rank 6)	(rank 4)	-20.00
underwriting	Number of subsequent public	5	7	
	offering lead managed by MSC	(rank 7)	(rank 5)	-28.57
	Number of issues lead managed by	2	3	
Bond	MSC	(rank 4)	(rank 4)	-33.33
underwriting	Amount of issues lead managed by	2.9	5.0	4.7.0.0
	MSC (NT\$ billion)	(rank 6)	(rank 5)	-42.00
	Number of warrants issued	1,688	2,154	21.62
New financial		(rank 6)	(rank 6)	-21.63
products	Amount of warrants issued (NT\$	11.9	20.9	42.06
	billion)	(rank 8)	(rank 6)	-43.06

Note: The above ranking is among the top 20 local securities firms in terms of brokerage market share.

(3) Mega Bills Finance Co., Ltd.

Units: NT\$ million

2016	2015	Change (%)
2,457,301	2,334,321	5.27
2,165,844	2,050,131	5.64
8,427,016	8,177,922	3.05
5,646,907	5,592,022	0.98
152,160	148,882	2.20
0	0	-
0	0	·
	2,457,301 2,165,844 8,427,016 5,646,907	2,457,301 2,334,321 2,165,844 2,050,131 8,427,016 8,177,922 5,646,907 5,592,022

Note: CP2 stands for commercial paper issued for funding purpose without underlying transaction.

(4) Chung Kuo Insurance Co., Ltd.

Unit: NT\$ million

Item	2016	2015	Change (%)
Direct written premiums	6,415	6,205	3.38
Inward reinsurance premiums	590	689	-14.37
Total	7,004	6,894	1.60

(5) Mega International Investment Trust Co., Ltd.

Unit: NT\$ million

Item	2016	2015	Change (%)
Public funds under management	96,858	97,566	-0.73
Private funds under management	19,573	73	26,712.33
Discretionary account	1,041	766	35.90
Total	117,472	98,405	19.38

Note: The company launched a private fund, Mega Prosperity Private Placement Fund, in 2016, the size of which amounted to NT\$19,498 million by the end of 2016.

(6) Mega Asset Management Co., Ltd

Unit: NT\$ million

Item	2016	2015	Change (%)
Gain from disposal of NPL and the underlying collateral	177	571	-69.00
Rental revenues	0	37	-100.00
Interest income	120	154	-22.08
Service income	419	258	62.40
Total	715	986	-27.48

(7) Mega Venture Capital Co., Ltd.

Unit: NT\$ million

Item	2016	2015	Change (%)
Drawdown of long term equity investment	140	337	-58.46
Original cost of long term equity investment	916	945	-3.07

(8) Mega Life Insurance Agency Company Co., Ltd.

Unit: NT\$ million

Item	2016	2015	Change (%)
Commission income	1,944	1,562	24.46

IV · Budget Implementation

The Company

Unit: NT\$ million, except EPS in NT\$

Itam	Final accounting	Budget figure,	Implemented
Item	figure, 2016	2016	(%)
Revenues	23,299	28,425	81.97
Expenses and losses	433	485	89.28
Net income before tax from continuing operations	22,866	27,939	81.84
Net income	22,456	27,202	82.55
Earnings per share	1.65	2.00	82.50

The Company's Subsidiary

Unit: NT\$ million

Name of subsidiary	Net income before tax - actual	Net income before tax - budget	Implemented (%)
Mega International Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	23,058	28,003	82.34
Mega Securities Co., Ltd.	88	707	12.45
Mega Bills Finance Co., Ltd.	3,571	3,152	113.29
Chung Kuo Insurance Co., Ltd.	189	597	31.66
Mega Asset Management Co., Ltd.	476	301	158.14
Mega Life Insurance Agency Co., Ltd.	614	440	139.55
Mega Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	26	37	70.27
Mega International Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	114	127	89.76

- ■The budget achievement rate of Mega International Commercial Bank reached 82.34% and profits lagged behind the budget mainly due to a fine imposed by the New York State Department of Financial Services, increased loan loss provisions for strengthening of asset quality.
- ■The budget achievement rate of Mega Securities Company reached 12.45% mainly due to loss in proprietary trading and valuation loss on securities acquired through its business of underwriting. In addition, profits from securities brokerage also declined as the market trading volume, market shares and the outstanding of margin loan fell short of the budget.
- ■The budget achievement rate of Chung Kuo Insurance Company reached 31.66% mainly due to the decline in underwriting profits impacted by natural disasters and commercial insurance claim. In addition, financial income fell short of expectations because of foreign exchange losses and decreased interest income resulting from domestic interest rates cut.
- ■Mega Venture Capital Company's budget achievement rate is 70.27%, mainly due to the impairment loss recognized on equity investments.
- ■Mega International Investment Trust Company's budget achievement rate is 89.76%, mainly due to foreign exchange evaluation loss.

V . Financial Results

The Company's consolidated net profit before tax in 2016 was NT\$27,917million, a drop of NT\$7,192 million or 20.48% compared to 2015. The decline in consolidated net profit before tax is mainly due to the reduction in revenues other than interest of NT\$5,169 million, which offset the increase in net interest income of NT\$4 million, while the operating expenses decreased by NT\$2,116 million as well as provisions for bad debts expense and guarantee liabilities increased by NT\$4,144 million. The decline in revenues other than interest is mainly due to the penalty imposed by New York State Department of Financial Services, the decrease in service fee revenue and commissions, indemnity income, and gain from disposal of investment property, which offset the increase in gains from financial operations. The consolidated net profit after tax of the Company and its subsidiaries reached NT\$22,443 million, a decline of NT\$6,830 million or 23.33% from 2015. Its consolidated return on assets was 0.67% while the consolidated return on equity reached 7.67%. A breakdown of the financial results of the Company and its subsidiaries in 2016 are shown in the table below:

Unit: NT\$ million, except EPS in NT\$

	Net Income	Net Income	Earnings	Return on	Return on
Company	Before Tax	After Tax	Per Share	Assets (%)	Equity (%)
Mega FHC & Its Subsidiaries	27,917	22,443	1.65	0.67	7.67
Mega FHC (Unconsolidated)	22,866	22,456	1.65	6.94	7.67
Mega International Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	23,058	19,010	2.23	0.63	7.44
Mega Securities Co., Ltd.	88	34	0.03	0.07	0.23
Mega Bills Finance Co., Ltd.	3,571	2,980	2.27	1.22	8.74
Chung Kuo Insurance Co., Ltd.	189	101	0.34	0.64	1.68
Mega Asset Management Co., Ltd.	476	395	1.97	2.75	13.76
Mega Life Insurance Agency Co., Ltd.	614	509	254.75	71.13	102.77
Mega Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	26	23	0.23	3.29	3.31
Mega International Investment Trust Co., Ltd.	114	80	1.52	8.95	9.77

Note: Return on assets = Net income after tax / Average assets; Return on equity = Net income after tax / Average equity

VI. Research and Development

The Company and its subsidiaries' research and development progress in 2016 are summarized as follows:

- 1. The Company promoted CSR in the Group to comply with the international best practice. It also established VaR (Value at risk) management system for financial products. A self-evaluation mechanism for the Group's operational risk is also established.
- 2. Mega International Commercial Bank published the Mega Bank Monthly, which includes monographs and articles covering the latest international and domestic economic and financial developments and is made public periodically on the bank's website. It also submitted periodical and non-periodical research reports on the development of the global economic and financial situations.
- 3. Mega Securities Company continued to reinforce its front office and back office system configuration, optimize the comprehensive e-commerce platform and its customer service features. It has also deployed the Channel Sales service model

- for wealth management business. In response to the competent authority's Finance 3.0 policy, it has pro-actively developed e-commerce with respective features of its information system reinforced/enhanced or newly established.
- 4. Mega Bills Finance Company studied the feasibility of undertaking RP transaction of US dollar bonds with life insurance companies. The Basel III system framework and introduction practice, strengthening of AML/CFT, and risk monitoring were also studied. It applied to the competent authority for relaxing the transaction scope of derivative financial instruments that bills finance companies are allowed to undertake.
- 5. Chung Kuo Insurance Company developed a total of 207 new insurance products in 2016, including 101 products filed with the competent authority on a "Use and File" basis, and 106 products filed with the competent authority on a "Simple Use and File" basis.
- 6. Mega International Investment Trust Company introduced multiple currencies products to develop the foreign currency investor base. It issued a foreign market funds namely Mega USD Money Market Fund.

Attachment 2

Audit Committee's Report

The Board of Directors of the Company has compiled and delivered the business

report, the consolidated financial statements, and the proposal for distribution of

earnings for 2016. Wherein, the consolidated financial statements were audited by

CPA Chou, Chien-Hung and Huang, King-Tse of PricewaterhouseCoopers. The

Audit Committee have examined the above statements and found nothing

non-compliance and thus prepared this report in accordance with Article 14-4 of the

Securities and Exchange Act and Article 219 of the Company Act for your

ratification.

To:

2017 General Shareholders' Meeting

Mega Financial Holding Co., Ltd.

Chairman of the Audit Committee: Tsun-Siou Lee

Date: May 2, 2017

Attachment 3

MEGA FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD.
AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND
REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED
DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.



Report of Independent Accountants

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders

Mega Financial Holding Co., Ltd.

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Mega Financial Holding Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Mega Group") as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Mega Group as at December 31, 2016 and 2015, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies", "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Public Banks", "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Public Held Bills Finance Companies", "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Firms", "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Futures Commission Merchants", "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Enterprises Engaging in Insurance" and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the "Rules Governing the Audit of Financial Statements of Financial Institutions by Certified Public Accountants" and generally accepted auditing standards in the Republic of China (ROC GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Mega Group in accordance with the Code of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountants in the Republic of China (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Mega Group's key audit matters for the year ended December 31, 2016 are addressed as follows:

Impairment assessment of bills discounted and loans

Description

For the accounting policy for the impairment assessment of bills discounted and loans, please refer to Note 4(9) of the consolidated financial statements; for critical accounting judgments, estimates, and key sources of assumption uncertainty of impairment assessment of bills discounted and loans, please refer to Note 5(2) of the consolidated financial statements; for the details of bills discounted and loans, please refer to Note 6(5) of the consolidated financial statements. Gross bills discounted and loans and allowance for bad debts as at December 31, 2016, was \$1,741,972,998 thousand and \$26,694,232 thousand, respectively.

The credit services provided by the subsidiary, Mega International Commercial Bank Co., Ltd (MICB), which are their main business activity, are primarily corporate credit facilitations. Impairment losses on bills discounted and loans are losses as a result of existing objective evidence of impairment that estimated future cash flows of loans may not be recovered. MICBs' impairment assessment on bills discounted and loans is conducted in accordance with related regulations of IAS 39, 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement' and meet the related requirements of the competent authority. If there is existing objective evidence of impairment loss for significant credit facilitations which exceed a certain amount, then such facilitations are individually assessed. Impairment loss is primarily provisioned according to the future cash flows and collateral value of the borrower; if there is no existing objective evidence of impairment or if there is existing objective evidence of impairment but the credit facilitation does not exceed a certain amount, then assessment is conducted on a collective basis and impairment losses are estimated according to impairment parameters such as the impairment probability, recovery rate, and effective interest rate under each industry group.

The aforementioned provision of impairment loss for bills discounted and loans includes the determination of future cash flows of individual assessment and impairment parameters for collective assessment. Because this involves subjective judgment and numerous assumptions and estimates, the method of determining assumptions and estimates will directly affect the related recognized amounts. Also, considering that loans account for approximately 52% of total assets, we have thus included the individual and collective impairment assessment of MICBs' bills discounted and loans as one of the key audit matters in our audit.



How our audit addressed the matter

The procedures that we have conducted in response to specific aspects of the above-mentioned key audit matter are summarized as follows:

- Understood and assessed the related policies, internal control system, and operation procedures
 of assumptions and estimates (including the impairment probability, recovery rate, future cash
 flows, and collateral value) used by MICB in provisioning impairment losses for bills discounted
 and loans.
- 2. Sampled and tested internal controls related to the provision of impairment loss, including the identification of objective evidence for impairment loss, annual reviews, management of collateral and their value assessment, value assessment of collateral, controls for changing impairment parameters, and approval for provisioning of impairment loss.

3. Collective assessment

- (1) Evaluated the model parameter assumptions of MICBs' collective assessments; understood the calculation logic of different group parameters (e.g. the impairment probability, recovery rate, and effective interest rate), as well as the status of periodic updates.
- (2) Sampled and tested the accuracy of impairment loss balances.
- (3) Filtered loan portfolio amounts of corporate facilitations under loans accounts using the system logic which incorporated the Group's policy to sample and test the accuracy of their respective impairment probability, recovery rate, and effective interest rates, as well as to examine their consistency with the financial statements.
- 4. Individual assessment (for credit facilitations with existing objective evidence of impairment loss that exceeded a certain amount)
 - (1) Assessed the completeness of the watch list for credit facilitations for which objective evidence is existed.
 - (2) Sampled and compared the consistency of the system's judgment with samples which had been judged to have objective evidence of impairment.
 - (3) Assessed the reasonableness of parameter assumptions (including the borrower's time of past due, financial and operational status, and historical experience) for estimated future cash flows and the accuracy of calculation results for estimated future cash flows.

Impairment assessment of equity investments carried at cost

Description

For the accounting policy for the impairment assessment of equity investment carried at cost (accounted under other financial assets), please refer to Note 4(9) of the consolidated financial statements; for critical accounting judgments, estimates, and key sources of assumption uncertainty of equity investments carried at cost, please refer to Note 5(3) of the consolidated financial statements; for details of other financial assets-equity investments carried at cost, please refer to Note 6(10) of the consolidated financial statements. Other financial assets-equity investments carried at cost and its



accumulated impairment as at December 31, 2016, was \$12,861,411 thousand and \$1,449,648 thousand, respectively.

For the provision of impairment for other financial assets-equity investments carried at cost accounted for by the Mega Group, in accordance with the Mega Group's accounting policy, upon the end of each reporting period, the Mega Group shall estimate impairment losses when it is assessed that there is objective evidence of impairment. When individual equity investments have existing objective evidence of impairment loss, provision of impairment loss is determined by the recoverable amount of cash flows based on the financial and operating status.

Because the aforementioned determination on whether there is existing objective evidence of impairment for equity investments carried at cost and the provision of impairment (including the determination of recoverable cash flows) involve subjective judgment and numerous assumptions and estimates, the method of determining assumptions and estimates will directly affect recognized amounts. Thus, we have included the impairment assessment of Mega Group's equity investments carried at cost as one of the key audit matters in our audit.

How our audit addressed the matter

The procedures that we have conducted in response to specific aspects of the above-mentioned key audit matter are summarized as follows:

- Understood and assessed the Mega Group's related policies, stop-loss and exception management controls, and handling procedures for determining impairment evidence and the provision of impairment for equity investments measured at cost.
- 2. Sampled and tested the evaluations provided by management to determine whether there are documents that support the existence of impairment evidence.
- Sampled and tested the appropriateness of management's estimate future cash flows (e.g.
 documents related expected recoverable cash flows of investees) and recalculated the accuracy of
 provisioned impairment amounts.

Claims reserve and ceded claims reserve

Description

For the accounting policy for claims reserve (including those prior to and after reinsurance), please refer to Note 4(16)4. of the financial statements; for critical accounting estimates and key sources of assumption uncertainty of claims reserve (included ceded reserves), please refer to Note 5(5) of the financial statements; for detail of claims reserve (and ceded reserves), please refer to Note 6(23) and (6) of the financial statements. On December 31, 2016, the Group's claims reserve and ceded claims reserve was \$4,419,457 thousand and \$2,400,073 thousand, respectively.

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The subsidiary, Chung Kuo Insurance Co., Ltd (CKI), 's claims reserve (including ceded reserves) uses the loss development triangle to estimate the reasonable amount of ultimate claims according to the Actuarial Department's historical claim experience and expenses by insurance type. Because the calculation method and assumptions for claims reserve involve the professional judgment of management, and because claims reserve is material, we have thus included the estimation of claims reserve and ceded claims reserve as one of the key audit matters in our audit.

How our audit addressed the matter

The procedures that we have conducted in response to specific aspects of the above-mentioned key audit matter are summarized as follows:

- 1. Checked the accuracy and completeness of historical values used in the loss development triangle for calculating claims reserve.
- 2. Elected the work of actuarial specialists to assists us in assessing the reasonableness of the calculation method and assumptions used in calculating claims reserve (including those prior to and after reinsurance). This included the following procedures:
 - (1) Checked whether the elected actuarial method agreed with generally accepted actuarial methods;
 - (2) Sampled and tested the reasonableness of assumptions used in calculating claims reserve;
 - (3) Sampled and tested actual calculation processes in order to confirm the accuracy of claims reserve calculations;
 - (4) Conducted variance analysis and ratio analysis according to insurance type in order to assess the reasonableness of calculation results for claims reserve.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Financial Holding Companies", "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Public Banks", "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Public Held Bills Finance Companies", "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Firms", "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Futures Commission Merchants", "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Enterprises Engaging in Insurance" and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Mega Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Mega Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing Mega Financial Holding Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ROC GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ROC GAAS, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Mega Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Mega Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Mega Group to cease to continue as a going concern.



- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Mega Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with audit committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with audit committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with audit committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

For and on behalf of Pricewaterhouse Coopers, Taiwan

March 28, 2017

The accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements and report of independent accountants are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

MEGA FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

Assets	Notes	_	December 31, 2 Amount	016 %_	December 31, 2015 Amount %			January 1, 2015 Amount %		
Assets					_	-				
Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	98,131,357	3	\$	152,871,868	5	\$ 171,560,274	5	
Due from the Central Bank and call	6(2) and 11									
loans to banks			540,011,742	16		503,267,079	15	466,483,866	14	
Financial assets at fair value	6(3) and 12									
through profit or loss, net			186,317,373	6		182.036,664	5	181,366,843	6	
Available-for-sale financial assets,	6(7) and 12									
net			354,464,708	11		346,461,364	10	280,703,020	9	
Bills and bonds purchased under										
resale agreements			2,855,885	-		7,079,210	_	11,874,327	-	
Receivables, net	6(4)(5)		86,825.802	3		175,747,221	5	201,540,361	6	
Current income tax assets			577,485	-		2,307,563	-	1,534,999	-	
Non-current assets held for sale, net			-	-		-	-	2.739	-	
Bills discounted and loans, net	6(5) and 11		1,715,278,766	52		1,773,269,054	52	1,733,994,271	53	
Reinsurance contract assets, net	6(6)(23)		4,261.668	-		3,308,814	-	3,217,685	-	
Held-to-maturity financial assets,	6(8) and 12									
net			280,997,362	8		201,233,939	6	163,708,076	5	
Equity investments accounted for	6(9)									
under the equity method, net			3,108,470	-		2,976,409	-	2,761,637		
Other financial assets, net	6(5)(10)									
	and 12		14,955,209	-		17,189,576	1	20,626.729	1	
Investment property, net	6(11) and									
	12		1,711.561	-		1,368,553	-	1,976,764	-	
Property and equipment, net	6(12) and									
	12		21,787,452	1		21,834,486	1	22,125.875	1	
Intangible assets, net			270,438	-		299,644	-	307,693	-	
Deferred income tax assets	6(40)		5,463,227	-		4,716,552	-	4,030,528	-	
Other assets, net	6(13), 11									
	and 12		2,772,911		_	2,550,310		2,822,250	-	
Total assets		\$	3,319,791,416	1.00	\$	3,398,518,306	100	\$ 3,270,637,937	100	

(Continued)

MEGA FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

Liabilities and equity				December 31, 2016			December 31, 20	015	January 1, 2015		
Due to the Central Bank and financial institutions	Liabilities and equity	Notes	_								
Financial institutions	Liabilities										
Punds borrowed from the Central Bank and other banks 39,974,427 1	Due to the Central Bank and	6(14) and									
Banik and other banks 39,974,427 1	financial institutions	11	\$	401,731,599	12	\$	428,405,839	13	\$ 474,623,325	15	
Financial liabilities at fair value Action Action	Funds borrowed from the Central	6(15)									
through profit or loss 11 12,105,231 1 22,980,692 1 29,582,637 1 Bills and bonds sold under repurchase agreements 11 231,191,763 7 192,936,650 6 221,809,530 7 Commercial paper payable, net Payables 6(18) and 11 11,701,649 - 19,945,870 - 15,363,080 - Payables 6(19) 59,001,999 2 63,623,826 2 60,564,578 2 Current income tax liabilities 6(20) and - 11 2,171,287,924 66 2,230,143,429 66 2,036,403,864 62 Bonds payable 6(21) 41,924,088 1 41,878,505 1 55,200,000 2 Other loans 6(22) 5,954,030 - 2,280,000 - 5,926,763 - Provisions for liabilities 6(23) 25,047,224 1 22,917,606 1 10,778,269 - Other liabilities 6(24) 10,849,706 - 10,720,861 - 10,778,269<	Bank and other banks			39,974,427	1		45,459,094	1	53,906,541	2	
Bills and bonds sold under repurchase agreements 11 231,191,763 7 192,936,650 6 221,809,530 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	Financial liabilities at fair value	6(16) and									
repurchase agreements 11 231,191,763 7 192,936,650 6 221,809,530 7 Commercial paper payable, net 6(18) and III 11,701,649 - 19,945,870 - 15,363,080 - Payables 6(19) 59,001,999 2 63,623,826 2 60,564,578 2 Current income tax liabilities 6(20) and 11 2,171,287,924 66 2,230,143,429 66 2,036,403,864 62 Bonds payable 6(21) 41,924,088 1 41,878,505 1 56,200,000 2 Other loans 6(22) 5,954,030 - 2,280,000 - 5,926,763 - Provisions for liabilities 6(23) 25,047,224 1 22,917,606 1 21,647,077 1 Other financial liabilities 6(24) 10,849,706 - 10,720,861 - 10,778,269 - Deferred income tax liabilities 6(25) 6,203,075 - 11,057,626 - 11,640,531	through profit or loss	11		12,105,231	1		22,980,692	1	29,582,637	1	
Commercial paper payable, net 6(18) and Payables 6(19) 59,001,999 2 63,623,826 2 60,564,578 2 Current income tax liabilities 8,589,599 - 10,517,577 - 9,123,049 - Deposits and remittances 6(20) and 11 2,171,287,924 66 2,230,143,429 66 2,036,403,864 62 Bonds payable 6(21) 41,924,088 1 41,878,505 1 56,200,000 2 Other loans 6(22) 5,954,030 - 2,280,000 - 5,926,763 - Provisions for liabilities 6(23) 25,047,224 1 22,917,606 1 21,647,077 1 Other financial liabilities 6(24) 10,849,706 - 10,720,861 - 10,778,269 - Other liabilities 6(25) 6,203,075 - 11,057,626 - 11,640,531 - Equity Equity attributable to owners of parent 5 1 13,598,240 4	Bills and bonds sold under	6(17) and									
11	repurchase agreements	- 11		231,191,763	7		192,936,650	6	221,809,530	7	
Payables 6(19) 59,001,999 2 63,623,826 2 60,564,578 2 Current income tax liabilities 8,589,599 - 10,517,577 - 9,123,049 - Deposits and remittances 6(20) and 11 2,171,287,924 66 2,230,143,429 66 2,036,403,864 62 Bonds payable 6(21) 41,924,088 1 41,878,505 1 56,200,000 2 Other loans 6(22) 5,954,030 - 2,280,000 - 5,926,763 - Provisions for liabilities 6(23) 25,047,224 1 22,917,606 1 21,647,077 1 Other financial liabilities 6(24) 10,849,706 - 10,720,861 - 10,778,269 - 2,169,411 - Other liabilities 6(25) 6,203,075 - 11,057,626 - 11,640,531 - Equity 2 4 135,982,40 4 135,998,240 4 124,498,240 4	Commercial paper payable, net	6(18) and									
Current income tax liabilities 8,589,599 - 10,517,577 - 9,123,049 - Deposits and remittances 6(20) and 11 2,171,287,924 66 2,230,143,429 66 2,036,403,864 62 Bonds payable 6(21) 41,924,088 1 41,878,505 1 56,200,000 2 Other loans 6(22) 5,954,030 - 2,280,000 - 5,926,763 - Provisions for liabilities 6(23) 25,047,224 1 22,917,606 1 21,647,077 1 Other financial liabilities 6(40) 2,201,659 - 10,720,861 - 10,778,269 - Other liabilities 6(25) 6,203,075 - 11,057,626 - 11,640,531 - Total liabilities 6(25) 6,203,075 - 11,057,626 - 11,640,531 - Equity attributable to owners of parent - 135,998,240 4 135,998,240 4 124,498,240 4 Common		11		11,701,649	-		19,945,870	-	15,363,080	-	
Deposits and remittances	Payables	6(19)		59,001,999	2		63,623,826	2	60,564,578	2	
11 2,171,287,924 66 2,230,143,429 66 2,036,403,864 62 Bonds payable 6(21) 41,924,088 1 41,878,505 1 56,200,000 2 Other loams 6(22) 5,954,030 - 2,280,000 - 5,926,763 - Provisions for liabilities 6(23) 25,047,224 1 22,917,606 1 21,647,077 1 Other financial liabilities 6(24) 10,849,706 - 10,720,861 - 10,778,269 - Deferred income tax liabilities 6(40) 2,201,659 - 2,195,423 - 2,169,411 - Other liabilities 6(25) 6,203,075 - 11,057,626 - 11,640,531 - Total liabilities 7 7 7 7 Equity Equity attributable to owners of parent	Current income tax liabilities			8,589,599	-		10,517,577	-	9,123,049	-	
Bonds payable 6(21) 41,924,088 1 41,878,505 1 56,200,000 2 Other loans 6(22) 5,954,030 - 2,280,000 - 5,926,763 - Provisions for liabilities 6(23) 25,047,224 1 22,917,606 1 21,647,077 1 Other financial liabilities 6(24) 10,849,706 - 10,720,861 - 10,778,269 - Deferred income tax liabilities 6(40) 2,201,659 - 2,195,423 - 2,169,411 - Other liabilities 6(25) 6,203,075 - 11,057,626 - 11,640,531 - Total liabilities 6(25) 6,203,075 - 11,057,626 - 11,640,531 - Equity Equity 4 3,009,738,655 92 92 3,009,738,655 92 Equity Equity attributable to owners of parent 1 1,057,626 4 124,498,240 4 124,498,240 4 124,498,240 4 </td <td>Deposits and remittances</td> <td>6(20) and</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Deposits and remittances	6(20) and									
Other loans 6(22) 5,954,030 - 2,280,000 - 5,926,763 - Provisions for liabilities 6(23) 25,047,224 1 22,917,606 1 21,647,077 1 Other financial liabilities 6(24) 10,849,706 - 10,720,861 - 10,778,269 - Deferred income tax liabilities 6(40) 2,201,659 - 2,195,423 - 2,169,411 - Other liabilities 6(25) 6,203,075 - 11,057,626 - 11,640,531 - Total liabilities 6(25) 3,027,763,973 91 3,105,062,998 91 3,009,738,655 92 Equity Equity attributable to owners of parent Share capital Common stock 6(26) 135,998,240 4 135,998,240 4 124,498,240 4 Capital surplus 6(26) 6,8194,233 2 68,194,233 2 55,270,198 2 Retained carnings 6(26) 30,436,714 1		11		2,171,287,924	66		2,230,143,429	- 66	2,036,403,864	62	
Provisions for liabilities 6(23) 25,047,224 1 22,917,606 1 21,647,077 1 Other financial liabilities 6(24) 10,849,706 - 10,720,861 - 10,778,269 - Deferred income tax liabilities 6(40) 2,201,659 - 2,195,423 - 2,169,411 - Other liabilities 6(25) 6,203,075 - 11,057,626 - 11,640,531 - Total liabilities 6(25) 6,203,075 - 11,057,626 - 11,640,531 - Total liabilities 6(25) 6,203,075 - 11,057,626 - 11,640,531 - Total liabilities 6(25) 3,027,763,973 91 3,105,062,998 91 3,009,738,655 92 Equity Equity Common stock 6(26) 135,998,240 4 135,998,240 4 124,498,240 4 Capital surplus 6(26) 30,436,714	Bonds payable	6(21)		41,924,088	1		41,878,505	I	56,200,000	2	
Other financial liabilities 6(24) 10,849,706 - 10,720,861 - 10,778,269 - Deferred income tax liabilities 6(40) 2,201,659 - 2,195,423 - 2,169,411 - Other liabilities 6(25) 6,203,075 - 11,057,626 - 11,640,531 - Total liabilities Sayon,763,973 91 3,105,062,998 91 3,009,738,655 92 Equity Equity attributable to owners of parent Share capital Common stock 6(26) 135,998,240 4 135,998,240 4 124,498,240 4 Capital surplus 6(26) 68,194,233 2 68,194,233 2 55,270,198 2 Retained carnings Legal reserve 6(26) 30,436,714 1 27,494,993 1 24,469,127 1 Special reserve 6(26) 2,545,158 - 2,547,719 -	Other loans	6(22)		5,954,030	-		2,280,000	-	5,926.763	-	
Deferred income tax liabilities 6(40) 2,201,659 - 2,195,423 - 2,169,411 - 1,1000 - 1,0000 - 1,0000 - 1,00000 - 1,0000000 - 1,00000000000000000000000000000000000	Provisions for liabilities	6(23)		25,047,224	1		22,917,606	1	21,647,077	1	
Other liabilities 6(25) 6,203,075 - 11,057,626 - 11,640,531 - Total liabilities 3,027,763,973 91 3,105,062,998 91 3,009,738,655 92 Equity Equity attributable to owners of parent Share capital Common stock 6(26) 135,998,240 4 135,998,240 4 124,498,240 4 Capital surplus 6(26) 68,194,233 2 68,194,233 2 55,270,198 2 Retained earnings Egal reserve 6(26) 30,436,714 1 27,494,993 1 24,469,127 1 Special reserve 6(26) 2,545,158 - 2,545,158 - 2,547,719 - Unappropriated retained earnings 6(27) 56,976,974 2 58,332,856 2 50,589,808 1 Other equity interest 6(28) Other equity interest (2,165,966) - 838,599 - 3,362,257 <td>Other financial liabilities</td> <td>6(24)</td> <td></td> <td>10,849,706</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>10,720,861</td> <td>-</td> <td>10,778,269</td> <td>-</td>	Other financial liabilities	6(24)		10,849,706	-		10,720,861	-	10,778,269	-	
Total liabilities 3,027,763,973 91 3,105,062,998 91 3,009,738,655 92	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(40)		2,201,659	-		2,195,423	-	2,169,411	-	
Equity attributable to owners of parent Share capital Common stock 6(26) 135,998,240 4 135,998,240 4 124,498,240 4 Capital surplus 6(26) 68,194,233 2 68,194,233 2 55,270,198 2 Retained earnings Legal reserve 6(26) 30,436,714 1 27,494,993 1 24,469,127 1 Special reserve 6(26) 2,545,158 - 2,545,158 - 2,547,719 - 1 Unappropriated retained earnings 6(27) 56,976,974 2 58,332,856 2 50,589,808 1 Other equity interest 6(28) Other equity interest (2,165,966) - 838,599 - 3,362,257 - 1 Non-controlling interests 42,090 - 51,229 - 161,933 - 1 Total equity	Other liabilities	6(25)		6,203,075		_	11,057,626	-	11,640,531		
Equity attributable to owners of parent Share capital Common stock 6(26) 135,998,240 4 135,998,240 4 124,498,240 4 Capital surplus 6(26) 68,194,233 2 68,194,233 2 55,270,198 2 Retained earnings Legal reserve 6(26) 30,436,714 1 27,494,993 1 24,469,127 1 Special reserve 6(26) 2,545,158 - 2,545,158 - 2,547,719 - Unappropriated retained earnings 6(27) 56,976,974 2 58,332,856 2 50,589,808 1 Other equity interest 6(28) Other equity interest (2,165,966) - 838,599 - 3,362,257 - Non-controlling interests 42,090 - 51,229 - 161,933 - Total equity	Total liabilities			3,027,763,973	91		3,105,062,998	91	3,009,738,655	92	
parent Share capital Common stock 6(26) 135,998,240 4 135,998,240 4 124,498,240 4 Capital surplus 6(26) 68,194,233 2 68,194,233 2 55,270,198 2 Retained earnings Legal reserve 6(26) 30,436,714 1 27,494,993 1 24,469,127 1 Special reserve 6(26) 2,545,158 - 2,545,158 - 2,547,719 - Unappropriated retained earnings 6(27) 56,976,974 2 58,332,856 2 50,589,808 1 Other equity interest 6(28) Other equity interest (2,165,966) - 838,599 - 3,362,257 - Non-controlling interests 42,090 - 51,229 - 161,933 - Total equity 292,027,443 9 293,455,308 9 260,899,282 8	Equity										
Share capital Common stock 6(26) 135,998,240 4 135,998,240 4 124,498,240 4 Capital surplus 6(26) 68,194,233 2 68,194,233 2 55,270,198 2 Retained carnings Retained carnings Legal reserve 6(26) 30,436,714 1 27,494,993 1 24,469,127 1 Special reserve 6(26) 2,545,158 - 2,545,158 - 2,547,719 - Unappropriated retained earnings 6(27) 56,976,974 2 58,332,856 2 50,589,808 1 Other equity interest 6(28) 6(28) - 838,599 - 3,362,257 - Non-controlling interests 42,090 - 51,229 - 161,933 - Total equity 292,027,443 9 293,455,308 9 260,899,282 8	Equity attributable to owners of										
Common stock 6(26) 135,998,240 4 135,998,240 4 124,498,240 4 Capital surplus 6(26) 68,194,233 2 68,194,233 2 55,270,198 2 Retained earnings 8 8 8 9 20,545,158 1 24,469,127 1 1 1 27,494,993 1 24,469,127 1 1 2 2 2 2 3,436,714 1 27,494,993 1 24,469,127 1 2 3 2 2 547,719 - 2 545,158 - 2,547,719 - 2 547,719 - 2 58,332,856 2 50,589,808 1 Other equity interest 6(28) 6(28) 6(28) 838,599 - 3,362,257 - Non-controlling interests 42,090 - 51,229 - 161,933 - Total equity 2 292,027,443 9 293,455,308 9 260,899,282 8 <	parent										
Capital surplus 6(26) 68,194,233 2 68,194,233 2 55,270,198 2 Retained earnings Legal reserve 6(26) 30,436,714 1 27,494,993 1 24,469,127 1 Special reserve 6(26) 2,545,158 - 2,545,158 - 2,547,719 - Unappropriated retained earnings 6(27) 56,976,974 2 58,332,856 2 50,589,808 1 Other equity interest 6(28) Other equity interest (2,165,966) - 838,599 - 3,362,257 - Non-controlling interests 42,090 - 51,229 - 161,933 - Total equity 292,027,443 9 293,455,308 9 260,899,282 8	Share capital										
Retained earnings Legal reserve 6(26) 30,436,714 1 27,494,993 1 24,469,127 1 Special reserve 6(26) 2,545,158 - 2,545,158 - 2,547,719 - Unappropriated retained earnings 6(27) 56,976,974 2 58,332,856 2 50,589,808 1 Other equity interest 6(28) Other equity interest (2,165,966) - 838,599 - 3,362,257 - Non-controlling interests 42,090 - 51,229 - 161,933 - Total equity 292,027,443 9 293,455,308 9 260,899,282 8	Common stock	6(26)		135,998,240	4		135,998,240	4	124,498,240	4	
Legal reserve 6(26) 30,436,714 1 27,494,993 1 24,469,127 1 Special reserve 6(26) 2,545,158 - 2,545,158 - 2,547,719 - Unappropriated retained earnings 6(27) 56,976,974 2 58,332,856 2 50,589,808 1 Other equity interest 6(28) Other equity interest (2,165,966) - 838,599 - 3,362,257 - Non-controlling interests 42,090 - 51,229 - 161,933 - Total equity 292,027,443 9 293,455,308 9 260,899,282 8	Capital surplus	6(26)		68,194,233	2		68,194,233	2	55,270,198	2	
Special reserve 6(26) 2,545,158 - 2,545,158 - 2,547,719 - Unappropriated retained earnings 6(27) 56,976,974 2 58,332,856 2 50,589,808 1 Other equity interest 6(28) Consequity interest 42,090 - 838,599 - 3,362,257 - Non-controlling interests 42,090 - 51,229 - 161,933 - Total equity 292,027,443 9 293,455,308 9 260,899,282 8	Retained carnings										
Unappropriated retained earnings 6(27) 56,976,974 2 58,332,856 2 50,589,808 1 Other equity interest 6(28) Consequity interest (2,165,966) - 838,599 - 3,362,257 - Non-controlling interests 42,090 - 51,229 - 161,933 - Total equity 292,027,443 9 293,455,308 9 260,899,282 8	Legal reserve	6(26)		30,436,714	1		27,494,993	1	24,469,127	1	
Other equity interest 6(28) Other equity interest (2,165,966) - 838,599 - 3,362,257 - Non-controlling interests 42,090 - 51,229 - 161,933 - Total equity 292,027,443 9 293,455,308 9 260,899,282 8	Special reserve	6(26)		2,545,158	-		2,545,158	-	2,547,719	-	
Other equity interest (2,165,966) - 838,599 - 3,362,257 - Non-controlling interests 42,090 - 51,229 - 161,933 - Total equity 292,027,443 9 293,455,308 9 260,899,282 8	Unappropriated retained earnings	6(27)		56,976,974	2		58,332,856	2	50,589,808	l	
Non-controlling interests 42,090 - 51,229 - 161,933 - Total equity 292,027,443 9 293,455,308 9 260,899,282 8	Other equity interest	6(28)									
Total equity 292,027,443 9 293,455,308 9 260,899,282 8	Other equity interest		(2,165,966)	-		838,599	-	3,362,257	-	
	Non-controlling interests		_	42,090			51,229	-	161,933		
	Total equity		_	292,027,443	9	_	293,455,308	9	260,899,282	8	
	Total liabilities and equity		\$	3,319,791,416	100	\$	3,398,518,306	100	\$ 3,270,637,937	100	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

MEGA FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT EARNINGS PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

			For the year ended December 31, 2016	· 		For the year ended December 31, 2015		Change percentage
	Notes		Amount	%		Amount	%	(%)
Interest income	6(29) and 11	\$	54,113,662	98	\$	56,852,736	95	5)
Less: interest expense	6(29) and 11	(16,420,610) (_	<u>30</u>) ((19,164,143)(32) (
Interest income, net			37,693,052	68		37,688,593	63	-
Revenues other than interest, net			_					
Service fee revenue and commissions,	6(30)							
net			10,237,640	19		10,974,878	18 (7)
Insurance revenue, net			1,682,081	3		1,871,145	3 (10)
Financial assets and liabilities at fair	6(31) and 11							
value through profit or loss			4,596,354	8		1,072,505	2	329
Gain on investment property		•	18,578	-		518,772	1 (96)
Realized gain on available-for-sale	6(32) and 11							
financial assets, net			1,988,048	4		1,534,229	2	30
Realized loss on held-to-maturity								
financial assets, net		(189)	-		-	-	-
Foreign exchange gain			2,089,104	4		2,973,694	5 (30)
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for under equity	6(9)							
method			229,098	_		244,963	- (6)
Other revenue other than interest	6(34)		2,050			211,703	```	0,
income			2,058,557	4		1,729,708	3	19
Revenue on disposal of non-performing	6(35)		,			-,,,	•	1,
loans			_	-		1,717,260	3 (100)
Indemnity income	6(36)	(5,147,557) (9)		392,623	1 (1411)
Loss on asset impairment	6(33)	(380,646) (1) (490,064)(1) (22)
Net revenue			55,064,120	100		60,228,306	100 (9)
Bad debts expense and guarantee liability	6(4)(5)(6)		. ,				•••	• •
(provisions) reserve	(10)(23)	(3,613,467) (7)		426,459	1 (947)
Net change in provisions for insurance	6(23)	`	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,		,,	- (,,,,
liabilities		(116,264)	- (12,356)	_	841
Operating expenses		•	,,	,		12,550)		011
Employee benefit expenses	6(37)	(14,953,836) (27) (16,626,475) (28) (10)
Depreciation and amortization		`	711,525) (1)(691,496) (1)	3
Other business and administrative	6(39)	`	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1/(0,71,4,00, (17	ر
expenses	()	,	7,751,815) (14) (8,215,456) (_14) (6)
Income before income tax		`	27,917,213	 - 51				6)
Income tax expense	6(40)	,				35,108,982	58 (20)
Profit for the year	-1 10/	·	5,474,318) (10) (5,835,713) (9)(6)
Tront lot the year			22,442,895 (Continued)	41		29,273,269	<u>49</u> (23)
			(00					

MEGA FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS, EXCEPT EARNINGS PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

			For the year ende December 31, 20				For the year ende December 31, 20		-	Change percentage
	Notes		Amount		%		Amount	%		(%)
Other comprehensive income										
(after tax)										
Non-reclassifiable to profit or loss										
subsequently										
Remeasurement of defined benefit plan	6(23)	(\$	566,997)	(1)	(\$	1,471,209)	(2) (61)
Income tax related to the components	6(40)									
of other comprehensive income that										
will not be classified subsequently			96,389		-		250,105	-	(61)
Potentially reclassifiable to profit or										
loss subsequently										
Cumulative translation differences of	6(28)									
foreign operations		(1,278,555)	(3)	(180,357) -		609
Unrealized loss on valuation of	6(28)									
available-for-sale financial assets		(1,658,397)	(3)	(2,222,285)	(4) (25)
Share of other comprehensive (loss)	6(28)						•			
income of associates and joint										•
ventures accounted for under equity										
method		(63,464)			(20,278)			213
Total other comprehensive loss (after		,	2 471 024	,	a.	,	2 (44 00 1)			~ \
income tax)		(3,471,024)	<u>'</u>		<u></u>	3,644,024)	() (5)
Total comprehensive income										
(after tax)		<u>s</u>	18,971,871	_	34	\$	25,629,245	43	(26)
Profit (loss) attributable to:							•			
Owners of parent		S	22,456,183		41	\$	29,417,211	49	(24)
Non-controlling interests		(13,288)			(143,942)		(91)
		<u>s</u>	22,442,895		41	\$	29,273,269	49	(23)
Comprehensive income (loss)										
attributable to:										
Owners of parent		\$	18,981,010		34	\$	25,672,449	43	(26)
Non-controlling interests		(9,139)	_		(43,204)		(79)
		<u>s</u>	18,971,871	-	34	\$	25,629,245	43	(26)
Earnings per share	6(41)									
Basic and diluted earnings per share (in dollars)		S			1.65	\$		2.35		
ustrato)										

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

MEGA FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

Equity attributable to owners of the parent

				Retained cornings		Other equ	Other equity interest			
					Unappropriated	Cumulative translation differences of	Unrealized gain or loss on available-			
	Share capital common stock	Capital	Legal	Special reserve	retained camings	foreign operations	for-sale financial assets	Yotal	Non-controlling interests	Total
For the year ended December 31, 2015										
Balance at January 1, 2015	\$ 124,498,240	\$ 55,270,198	\$ 24,469,127	\$ 2,547,719	\$ 50,589,808	\$ 605,482	\$ 2,756,775	\$ 260,737,349	\$ 161,933	\$ 260.899.282
Earnings distribution for 2014										
Legal reserve	٠	•	3,025,866	•	3,025,866)	•	•	1	,	•
Reversal of special reserve	•	•	•	(2,561)	2,561		•	•	•	•
Cash dividends	•	ı	•	•	(17,429,754)	•	•	(17,429,754)	•	(17,429,754)
Changes in capital surplus of associates and joint ventures										•
accounted for under equity method	•	(631)	•	•	•	•	1	(169	•	(631)
Profit (loss) for the year	ı	•	•	•	29,417,211	•	•	29,417,211	143,942	29,273
Other comprehensive (loss) income for the year		•	•	•	(1,221,104)	(177,718)	(2,345,940)	3,744,762)	100.738	_
Issuance of common stock	11,500,000	12,661.500	İ	•	•	•		24.161,500	•	, e1
Share based payment transaction	•	263,166	i	,	•	•	•	263,166	•	263.166
Change in non-controlling interests by capital reduction of										
subsidiary	'	'		'	,	İ	•	•	(67,500	(67.500)
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ 135,998,240	\$ 68,194,233	\$ 27,494,993	\$ 2,545,158	S 58,332,856	\$ 427.764	\$ 410,835	S 293,404,079	\$ 51,229	S 293.4
For the year ended December 31, 2016						!				
Balance at January 1, 2016	\$ 135,998,240	\$ 68,194,233	\$ 27,494,993	\$ 2,545,158	\$ 58,332,856	S 427,764	\$ 410,835	\$ 293,404,079	\$ \$1,229	\$ 293.455.308
Earnings distribution for 2015										
Legal reserve	•	•	2,941,721	•	(2,941,721)	•	•	•	,	•
Cash dividends	•	ı	•	•	(20,399,736)	•	,	(20,399,736)	•	(20,399,736)
Profit (loss) for the year	1	•	٠	•	22,456.183	•	•	22,456,183	(13,288	
Other comprehensive (loss) income for the year	1	•	•	•	(470,608)	(1,281,146)	(1.723.419)	3475.173)	4 149	
Balance at December 31, 2016	S 135,998,240	\$ 68,194,233	\$ 30,436,714	S 2.545,158	S 56,976,974	(\$ 855,382)	6	\$ 291,985,353	\$ 42,090) S

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

MEGA FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

		the year ended ember 31, 2016		or the year ended ecember 31, 2015
Cash flows from operating activities				
Profit before tax	\$	27,917,213	\$	35,108,982
Income and expenses having no effect on cash flows				
Depreciation		649,559		641,638
Amortization		61,966		49,858
Bad debts expense and guarantee liability reserve (provisions)		3,613,467	(426,459)
Interest expense		17,075,355		19,876,136
Interest income	(56,336,478)	•	58,908,288)
Dividend income	(1,480,289)	(1,511,628)
Net change in provisions for insurance liabilities		116,264		12,356
Share based payment transactions		-		263,166
Loss on asset impairment		380,646		490,065
(Gain) loss on disposal of property and equipment		1,323	(4,057)
Gain on disposal of investment property		1,075	(497,851)
Share of profit of associates accounted for under equity method	(229,098)	(244,963)
Changes in assets/liabilities relating to operating activities				
Changes in assets relating to operating activities				
Decrease in due from Central Bank and call loans to other banks		6,827,796		17,511,630
Increase in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(4,280,709)	(669,821)
Increase in available-for-sale financial assets	(9,765,082)	(68,333,923)
Decrease in receivables		89,851,276		56,879,340
Decrease in non-current assets held-to-sale		-		2,739
Decrease (increase) in bills discounted and loans		54,310,193	(39,272,959)
Increase in reinsurance contract assets	(952,854)	(91,129)
Increase in held-to-maturity financial assets	(79,763,423)	(37,525,863)
Decrease in other financial assets		1,383,351		3,233,079
Increase in other assets	(168,328)	(153,642)
Changes in liabilities relating to operating activities				
Decrease in due to the Central Bank and financial institutions	(26,674,240)	(46,217,486)
Decrease in financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(10,875,461)	(6,601,945)
Increase (decrease) in bills and bonds purchased under resale agreements		38,255,113	(28,872,880)
Decrease in payables	(7,909,521)	(68,243)
(Decrease) increase in deposits and remittances	(58,855,505)		193,739,565
Increase (decrease) in other financial liabilities		128,845	(57,408)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities reserve		1,062,654	(157,424)
(Decrease) increase in other liabilities	(3,312,125)		1,308,510
Cash provided by operations	(18,967,017)		39,501,095
Interest received		54,950,261		26,581,318
Cash dividend received		1,639,225		1,684,209
Interest paid	(17,211,322)	(20,063,520)
Income tax paid	(4,527,024)	(3,997,323)
Net cash provided by operating activities		15,884,123		43,705,779

(Continued)

MEGA FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF NEW TAIWAN DOLLARS)

		r the year ended cember 31, 2016		r the year ended cember 31, 2015
Cash flows from investing activities				
Acquisition of investments under the equity method	\$	-	(\$	255,000)
Proceeds from disposal of investments under the equity method		2,747		21,924
Proceeds from capital reduction of equity investments accounted for under the				
equity method		-		69,752
Proceeds from capital reduction of investments measured at cost		69,384		-
Acquisition of property and equipment	(542,060)	(499,191)
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment		5,422		4,993
Acquisition of intangible assets	(13,893)	(63,376)
Acquisition of investment property	(91,825)		-
Proceeds from disposal of investment property		12,175		1,296,063
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(558,050)		575,165
Cash flows from financing activities				
Decrease in due to the Central Bank and financial institutions	(5,484,667)	(8,447,446)
(Decrease) increase in commercial papers payable	(8,245,579)		4,580,579
Proceeds from issuance of bonds		-		5,800,000
Redemption in bonds		-	(6,000,000)
Redemption of financial bonds		-	(14,000,000)
Increase (decrease) in other loans		3,674,030	(3,646,763)
Decrease in guarantee deposits received	(677,718)	(1,031,994)
Payment in cash dividends	(18,718,378)	(15,860,486)
Issuance of common stock		-		24,161,500
Change in non-controlling interest by capital reduction of subsidiary		-	(67,500)
Net cash used in financing activities	(29,452,312)	(14,512,110)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(1,265,138)	(180,261)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(15,391,377)		29,588,573
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		444,732,697		415,144,124
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	\$	429,341,320	\$	444,732,697
Cash and cash equivalents composition:				
Cash and cash equivalents shown in the balance sheet	\$	98,131,357	\$	152,871,868
Due from the Central Bank and call loans to banks meeting the definition of				
cash and cash equivalents as stated in IAS No. 7 "Cash Flow Statements"		328,354,078		284,781,619
Investments in bills and bonds under resale agreements meeting the definition				
of cash and cash equivalents as stated in IAS No. 7 "Cash Flow Statements"		2,855,885		7,079,210
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	\$	429,341,320	\$	444,732,697

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

MEGA FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

Assets	2016	2	2015	%	LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	2016	2015	,	%
ritue (minera dinan	90° CO		7 615 606	7 6 30	Financial liabilities at fair value				((
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 52,500 \$		7,292,112 (90.37)	(/ 5.0%	Inrough profit or loss	9 I26,600	\$ 15	155,440	0.75
Current income tax assets	225,605		•		Commercial paper payable, net	6,398,631	6,19	6,198,832	3.22
Available-for-sale financial assets, net	5,844,300	Y)	5,586,489	4.61	Payables	16,481,538	14,83	14,835,817	11.09
Equity investments accounted for					Current income tax liabilities	1,789,244	1.91	1,912,617 (6.45)
under the equity method, net	316,539,845	313	313,143,661	1.08	Bonds payable	5,724,088	5,67	5,678,505	0.80
Other financial assets, net	758,293	٠	758,293	•	Other loans	1,600,000	30	300,000	433.33
Investment Property	137,126		t	•	Provisions for liabilities	57,935	Ñ	56,339	2.83
Property and equipment, net	603,350		750,459 (19.60)	19.60)	Deferred tax liabilities	1,124		1,436 (21.73)
Deferred tax assets	8,092		8,092	•	Other liabilities	11,108	•	2,585	329.71
Other assets, net	5,704		5,944 (4.04)	Total liabilities	32,220,268	29,141,57	1,571	10.56
					Equity				
					Common stock	135,998,240	135,998,240	8,240	1
					Capital surplus	68,194,233	68,194,233	4,233	į
					Retained earnings				
					Legal reserve	30,436,714	27,494,993	4,993	10.70
					Special reserve	2,545,158	2,54	2,545,158	ī
					Unappropriated retained earnings	56,976,974	58,33	58,332,856 (2.32)
					Other equity interest	(2,165,966_)	83	838,599 (358.28)
					Total equity	291,985,353	293,404,079	4,079 (0.48)
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 324,205,621 \$ 322,545,650	\$ 322	,545,650	0.51	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	\$ 324,205,621	\$ 322,545,650	5,650	0.51

MEGA FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31,

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS, EXCEPT EARNINGS PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

		2016		2015
Revenues				
Interest income	\$	2,173	\$	47,325
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for				
under equity method		23,132,410		30,416,201
Other revenue except for interest income		164,328		84,639
Total revenue		23,298,911		30,548,165
Expenses and losses				•
Interest expense	(66,094)	(230,043)
Financial assets and liability at fair value through profit or loss	(1,160)	(12,180)
Foreign exchange loss	(3)((10)
Employee benefit expense	(265,501)((308,317)
Depreciation and amortization	(14,619)(14,898)
Other business and administrative expenses	(85,155)((118,219)
Total expenses and losses	(432,532)(<u></u>	683,667)
Income before income tax		22,866,379		29,864,498
Income tax expense	(410,196)(447,287)
Profit for the year		22,456,183		29,417,211
Other comprehensive income				
Non-reclassifiable to profit or loss subsequently				
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	(1,837)(12,142)
Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint				
ventures accounted for under the equity method	(469,083)(1,211,026)
Income tax relating to components of other comprehensive				
income		312		2,064
Potentially reclassifiable to profit or loss subsequently				
Unrealized gain (loss) on valuation of available-for-sale				
financial assets		257,812 (262,778)
Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint				
ventures accounted for under the equity method	(3,262,377)(2,260,880)
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year, (after income				
tax)		3,475,173 (3,744,762)
Total comprehensive income (after income tax)	\$	18,981,010	\$	25,672,449
Earnings Per Share (in dollars)				
Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share (in dollars)	\$	1.65	\$	2.35

MEGA FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

				Retained carnings	S	Other equity interest	ty interest		
	Common	Capital		Special	Unappropriated retained	Exchange differences on translation of foreign		Unrealized gain or loss on available-for- sale	
	stock	surplus	Legal reserve	reserve	carnings	financial statement	financ	financial assets	Total
For the year ended December 31, 2015									
Balance at January 1, 2015	\$ 124,498,240 \$ 55,270,198	\$ 55,270,198	S 24,469,127	\$ 2,547,719	\$ 50,589,808	\$ 605,482	S	2.756.775	\$ 260,737,349
Earnings distribution for 2014						•			
Legal reserve	1	1	3,025,866	,	3,025,866)	•		ı	ı
Cash dividends	ı	•	•	•	(17,429,754)	•		,	17,429,754)
Reversal of special reserve	ı	•	-	2,561)	2,561	•		,	-
Changes in capital surplus of associates and									
joint ventures accounted for under equity									
method	` .	(18)	•	•	•	•		•	(31)
Profit for the year	ι	Ī	•	•	29,417,211	•		,	29.417.211
Other comprehensive loss for the year	1	1	•	,	1,221,104)(177,718)()(2,345,940) (3,744,762.)
Issuance of common stock	11,500,000	12,661,500	1	ı		•			24.161.500
Share based payment transactions	•	263,166	•	•	•	•		ı	263.166
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$ 135,998,240	\$ 68,194,233	\$ 27,494,993	\$ 2,545,158	\$ 58,332,856	\$ 427,764	S	410.835	\$ 293,404,079
For the year ended December 31, 2016			!				:		
Balance at January 1, 2016	\$ 135,998,240 \$ 68,194,233	\$ 68,194,233	\$ 27,494,993	\$ 2,545,158	\$ 58,332,856	\$ 427.764	69	410.835	\$ 293 404 070
Earnings distribution for 2015					•				
Legal reserve	ı	•	2,941,721	•	2,941,721)	•		•	•
Cash dividends	•	•	•	•	20,399,736)	•		•	20,399,736)
Profit for the year	1	ı	,	•	22,456,183	•		1	22,456,183
Other comprehensive loss for the year	*	1	•	-	470,608)	1,281,146)	<u>`</u>	1,723,419)(3,475,173)
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$ 135,998,240 \$ 68,194,233	\$ 68,194,233	\$ 30,436,714	\$ 2,545,158	\$ 56,976,974	\$ 853,382	S	1,312,584	\$ 291,985,353

MEGA FINANCIAL HOLDING CO., LTD. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

			ne year ended cember 31, 2016		ne year ended cember 31, 2015
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Profit before tax		\$	22,866,379	\$	29,864,498
Income and expenses having no effect on cash flows					
Income and expenses					
Depreciation			12,642		12,695
Amortization			1,977		2,203
Interest expense			66,094		230,043
Interest revenue	(2,173)(47,325)
Dividend income	(162,310)(•	81,468)
Share of profit of associates accounted for under equity method	(23,132,410)(30,416,201)
Share based payment transaction			-		1,510
Changes in assets/liabilities relating to operating activities					
Changes in assets relating to operating activities:					
Decrease in receivables			-		463
(Decrease) increase in other assets			42 (80)
Changes in liabilities relating to operating activities:					
Increase in financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss			1,160		155,440
(Decrease) increase in payables	(35,935)		5,515
Increase decrease in provisions for liabilities			71 (1,760)
Increase in other liabilities	_		8,523		446
Cash used in operations	(375,940)(274,021)
Interest received			2,173		47,325
Cash dividend received			16,167,077		14,319,116
Interest paid	(20,414)(355,008)
Income tax (paid) refunded	(759,486)		707,936
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	•	15,013,410		14,445,348
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	-		 ,		
Acquisition of equity investments accounted for under the equity			•		
method			- (24,084,500)
Acquisition of property and equipment	(2,659)(5,934)
Acquisition of intangible assets	(_		1,779)(2,240)
Net cash used in investing activities	(4,438)(24,092,674)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities					
Increase in commercial papers payable			200,000		3,650,000
(Increase) decrease in other loans			1,300,000 (100,000)
Proceeds from issuance of bonds			=		5,800,000
Redemption of bonds payable			- (6,000,000)
Payment in cash dividends	(18,718,378)(15,860,486)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock			-		24,161,500
Execution of employee stock option					261,656
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(17,218,378)		11,912,670
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(2,209,406)		2,265,344
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	•		2,292,712		27,368
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	-	S		\$	2,292,712

Attachment 4

Mega Financial Holding Co., Ltd. 2016 Profit Distribution Proposal

Unit: NT\$

Items	Amount
Beginning undistributed retained earnings in 2016	34,991,399,220
Retained earnings due to re-measurements of defined benefit plans	(470,607,412)
Adjusted retained earnings	34,520,791,808
Add: Net income of 2016	22,456,183,337
Less: 10% legal reserve	(2,245,618,334)
Less: Special reserve	(459,159,787)
Total distributable earnings	54,272,197,024
Less: Distribution item	
Cash dividend to shareholders (NT\$1.42 per share)	(19,311,750,056)
Unappropriated retained earnings	34,960,446,968
Note: The 2016 earnings shall be distributed as a priority.	

Attachment 5

Mega Financial Holding Company Comparisons of the Amended Provisions of the Procedures for Acquisition and Disposal of Assets

Amended provisions	Original provisions	Explanation
Chapter 1 General Principles	(Newly increased)	Chapter name is added according to "Regulations Governing the Acquisition and Disposal of Assets by Public Companies" (hereinafter "the Regulations").
Article 1 (Omitted)	Article 1 (Omitted)	
Article 2 This Company shall handle the acquisition or disposal of assets in compliance with these Procedures; provided, where another law or regulation provides otherwise, such provisions shall govern.	The Company shall handle the acquisition or disposal of assets in compliance with these Procedures. The public announcement required must be made in the prescribed format together with prescribed contents of the appraisal report, provided, where another law or regulation provides otherwise, such provisions shall govern.	The amendment is made according to the Article 2 of the Regulations.
Article 3 The term "assets" as used in these Procedures includes the following: 1. Investments in stocks, government bonds, corporate bonds, financial bonds, securities representing interest in a fund, depositary receipts, call (put) warrants, beneficial interest securities, and asset-backed securities.	Article 3 The term "assets" as used in these Procedures includes the following: 1. Investments in stocks, government bonds, corporate bonds, financial bonds, securities representing interest in a fund, depositary receipts, call (put) warrants, beneficial interest securities, and asset-backed securities.(According to Financial Holding Company Act, the Company's short-term funds are not allowed to invest in stocks, though).	1. Wording in subparagraph 1 regarding restriction of short-term funds utilization is deleted. 2. The "Derivatives" is added in the scope of "assets" as defined in this article according to the Regulations.

- Real property (including land, houses and buildings, investment property, rights to use land, and construction enterprise inventory) and equipment.
- 3. Memberships.
- Patents, copyrights, trademarks, franchise rights, and other intangible assets.
- 5. Claims of financial institutions (including receivables, bills purchased and discounted, loans, and overdue receivables).
- 6. Derivatives.
- 7. Assets acquired or disposed of in connection with mergers, demergers, acquisitions, or transfer of shares in accordance with law.
- 8. Other major assets.

- Real property (including land, houses and buildings, investment property, rights to use land, and construction enterprise inventory) and equipment.
- 3. Memberships.
- 4. Patents, copyrights, trademarks, franchise rights, and other intangible assets.
- Claims of financial institutions (including receivables, bills purchased and discounted, loans, and overdue receivables).
- 6. Assets acquired or disposed of in connection with mergers, demergers, acquisitions, or transfer of shares in accordance with law.
- 7. Other major assets.

Article 4

Terms used in these Procedures are defined as follows:

1. Derivatives: Forward contracts,
options contracts, futures
contracts, leverage contracts, and
swap contracts, and compound
contracts combining the above
products, whose value is derived
from assets, interest rates, foreign
exchange rates, indexes or other
interests. The term "forward
contracts" does not include
insurance contracts, performance
contracts, after-sales service
contracts, long-term leasing
contracts, or long-term purchase
(sales) agreements.

Article 4

Terms used in these Procedures are defined as follows:

According to the Regulations, the definition of "Derivatives" is added in this article.

- 2. Assets acquired or disposed through mergers, demergers, acquisitions, or transfer of shares in accordance with law: Refers to assets acquired or disposed through mergers, demergers, or acquisitions conducted under the Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act, Financial Holding Company Act, Financial Institution Merger Act and other acts, or to transfer of shares from another company through issuance of new shares of its own as the consideration therefor (hereinafter "transfer of shares") under Article 156, paragraph 8 of the Company Act.
- 3. Related party or subsidiary: As defined in the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.
- real property appraiser or other person duly authorized by law to engage in the value appraisal of real property or equipment.
- 5. Date of occurrence: Refers to the date of contract signing, date of payment, date of consignment trade, date of transfer, dates of boards of directors resolutions, or other date that can confirm the counterpart and monetary amount of the transaction, whichever date is earlier; provided, for investment for which approval of the competent authority is

- 1. Assets acquired or disposed through mergers, demergers, acquisitions, or transfer of shares in accordance with law: Refers to assets acquired or disposed through mergers, demergers, or acquisitions conducted under the Business Mergers and Acquisitions Act, Financial Holding Company Act, Financial Institution Merger Act and other acts, or to transfer of shares from another company through issuance of new shares of its own as the consideration therefor (hereinafter "transfer of shares") under Article 156, paragraph 8 of the Company Act.
- 2. Related party or subsidiary: As defined in the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.
- 4. Professional appraiser: Refers to a 3. Professional appraiser: Refers to a real property appraiser or other person duly authorized by law to engage in the value appraisal of real property or equipment.
 - 4. Date of occurrence: Refers to the date of contract signing, date of payment, date of consignment trade, date of transfer, dates of boards of directors resolutions, or other date that can confirm the counterpart and monetary amount of the transaction, whichever date is earlier; provided, for investment for which approval of the competent authority is

- required, the earlier of the above date or the date of receipt of approval by the competent authority shall apply.
- 6. Mainland China area investment: Refers to investments in the mainland China area approved by the Ministry of Economic Affairs Investment Commission or conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Regulations Governing Permission for Investment or Technical Cooperation in the Mainland Area.
- required, the earlier of the above date or the date of receipt of. approval by the competent authority shall apply.
- 5. Mainland China area investment:
 Refers to investments in the
 mainland China area approved by
 the Ministry of Economic Affairs
 Investment Commission or
 conducted in accordance with the
 provisions of the Regulations
 Governing Permission for
 Investment or Technical
 Cooperation in the Mainland
 Area.

Article 6

In acquisition or disposal of assets, the Company shall handle the assessment and transaction in compliance with the following provisions:

Article 6

- Acquisition or disposal of real property and equipment shall be handled in compliance with the Company's "Guidelines for Procurement, Leasing and Disposal of Assets".
- Acquirement or disposal of financial bonds and government bonds shall be handled in compliance with "Procedures for Short-Term Funds Application".
- 3. Acquisition or disposal of long-term equity investments shall be handled in compliance with "Financial Holding Company Act" and other applicable laws or regulations.

In acquisition or disposal of assets, the Company shall handle the assessment and transaction in compliance with the following provisions:

- 1. Acquisition or disposal of real property and equipment shall be handled in compliance with the Company's "Guidelines for Procurement, Leasing and Disposal of Assets".
- 2. Acquirement or disposal of financial bonds and government bonds shall be handled in compliance with "Procedures for Short-Term Funds Application".
- 3. Acquisition or disposal of long-term equity investments shall be handled in compliance with "Financial Holding Company Act" and other applicable laws or regulations.
- 1. According to Article 39 of the "Financial **Holding Company** Act", real property investment by financial holding companies is limited to those for business use. There is no regulation, specified by FSC, specifying limit of securities investment by financial holding companies, thus paragraph 2 is deleted.
- 2. The paragraph 3 is deleted as it has been provided in the paragraph 2 of Article 30.

- 4. Derivatives transaction shall be 4. Acquisition or disposal of other handled in compliance with the "Procedures Company's Derivatives Trading".
- 5. Acquisition or disposal of other shall handled he asset compliance with the Company's "Articles of authority policy and applicable regulations.

handled shall be asset in compliance with the Company's "Articles of Incorporation", policy authority and other applicable regulations.

The total limit for acquirement Incorporation", of real property not for business use, other limit for securities investment and each individual security shall be in compliance with "Financial Holding Company Act" and applicable laws and regulations.

> Acquisition or disposal of major assets by subsidiaries shall be submitted to the Company for approval in accordance with the "Rules for Monitoring Operations of the Subsidiaries".

Chapter II Disposition Procedures Section I Acquisition or Disposal of Assets

(Newly increased)

Chapter name is added according to the Regulations.

Article 7

In acquiring or disposing of real property or equipment where the property or equipment where the Regulations, "a amount reaches transaction percent of the Company's paid-in percent of the Company's paid-in amended to "a the Company, unless transacting the Company, unless transacting with a government office, engaging with a government agency, engaging others to build on its own land, others to build on its own land, engaging others to build on rented engaging others to build on rented land, or acquiring or disposing of land, or acquiring or disposing of equipment for business use, shall obtain an appraisal report prior to the obtain an appraisal report prior to the date of occurrence of the event from date of occurrence of the event from a professional appraiser and shall

Article 7

In acquiring or disposing of real According to the 20 transaction amount reaches capital or NT\$300 million or more, capital or NT\$300 million or more, government office". equipment for business use, shall a professional appraiser and shall

20 government agency" is

further comply with the following further comply with the following provisions:

- 1. Where due to special 1. circumstances it is necessary to give a limited price, specified price, or special price as a reference basis for the transaction price, the transaction shall be submitted for approval in advance by the board of directors, and the same procedure shall be followed for any future changes to the terms and conditions of the transaction.
- NT\$1 billion or more, appraisals from two or more professional appraisers shall be obtained.
- applies circumstances with professional respect the to appraisal results. appraiser's unless all the appraisal results for the assets to be acquired are transaction higher than the amount, or all the appraisal results for the assets to be disposed of are lower than the transaction certified amount, а public accountant shall be engaged to appraisal perform the in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20 published by the ROC Accounting Research and Development Foundation and render a specific opinion

provisions:

- Where due to special circumstances it is necessary to give a limited price, specified price, or special price as a reference basis for the transaction price, the transaction shall be submitted for approval in advance by the board of directors, and the same procedure shall be followed for any future changes to the terms and conditions of the transaction.
- 2. Where the transaction amount is 2. Where the transaction amount is NT\$1 billion or more, appraisals from two or more professional appraisers shall be obtained.
- 3. Where any one of the following 3. Where any one of the following applies with circumstances the professional respect to appraiser's appraisal results. unless all the appraisal results for the assets to be acquired are transaction higher than the amount, or all the appraisal results for the assets to be disposed of are the lower than transaction certified amount, a public accountant shall be engaged to perform the appraisal in accordance with the provisions of Statement of Auditing Standards No. 20 published by the ROC Accounting Research and Development Foundation and render a specific opinion

regarding the reason for the discrepancy the and appropriateness of the transaction price:

- A. The discrepancy between the appraisal result and the transaction amount is 20 ofpercent or more the transaction amount.
- B. The discrepancy between the appraisal results of two or more professional appraisers is 10 percent or more of the transaction amount.
- 4. No more than 3 months may elapse between the date of the appraisal report issued by a professional appraiser and the contract execution date: provided, where the publicly announced current value for the same period is used and not more than 6 months have elapsed, an opinion may still be issued by the original professional appraiser.

regarding the reason for the discrepancy the and appropriateness of the transaction price:

- A. The discrepancy between the appraisal result and the transaction 20 amount percent or more of the transaction amount.
- B. The discrepancy between the appraisal results of two or more professional appraisers is 10 percent or more of the transaction amount.
- 4. No more than 3 months may elapse between the date of the appraisal report issued by a professional appraiser and the contract execution date: provided, where the publicly announced current value for the same period is used and not more than 6 months have elapsed, an opinion may still be issued by the original professional appraiser.

Article 9

In acquiring or disposing of memberships and intangible assets memberships and intangible assets Regulations, where transaction amount where the reaches 20 percent or more of the reaches 20 percent or more of the amended Company's paid-in capital NT\$300 million or more, Company, unless transacting with a Company, unless transacting with a government office, shall engage a government agency, shall engage a certified public accountant prior to certified public accountant prior to the date of occurrence of the event to the date of occurrence of the event to render an opinion on the

Article 9

In acquiring or disposing of According the transaction or Company's paid-in capital the NT\$300 million or more, the render an opinion on the

to the "al amount government agency" is "a or government office".

	reasonableness of the transaction	
	price; the CPA shall comply with the	
	provisions of Statement of Auditing	
Standards No. 20 published by the	Standards No. 20 published by the	
ROC Accounting Research and	ROC Accounting Research and	
Development Foundation.	Development Foundation.	
Article 9-1~Article 10 (Omitted)	Article 9-1~ Article 10 (Omitted)	
Section II Related Party	(Newly increased)	Chapter name is added
Transactions		according to the
		Regulations.
Article 11 (Omitted)	Article 11 (Omitted)	-
Article 12 (Deleted)	Article 12	
	The departments in charge of	The public disclosure
J	public disclosure and filing of the	and filing have been
	information are as follows:	executed according to
	1. In acquisition or disposal of	functions of each
	securities and assets specified in	department, so this
	the subparagraphs 3~7 of Article	article is deleted.
	3, the department in charge shall	
	provide detail information to the	i
	Administration Department which	
	shall make public disclosure and	
	filing.	
	2. The Administration Department is	
	in charge of public disclosure and	
	filing of the acquisition and	
	disposal of real property and	
	equipment.	
	3. In acquisition or disposal of	
	long-term equity investment, the	
	Business Development	
	Department shall provide detailed	
	information to the Administration	
	Department which shall make	
	public disclosure and filing.	

Article 13

When the Company intends to acquire or dispose of real property from or to a related party, or when it intends to acquire or dispose of assets other than real property from or to a related party and the transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital, 10 percent or more of paid-in capital, 10 percent or more of the Company's total assets, or NT\$300 million or more, except in trading of government bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale agreements, or subscription or redemption of domestic money market funds which are explicitly issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises, the Company may not proceed to enter into a transaction contract or make a payment until the following matters have been approved by the board of directors and recognized by the supervisors:

- 1. The purpose, necessity and anticipated benefit of the acquisition or disposal of assets.
- 2. The reason for choosing the related party as a trading counterparty.
- 3. With respect to the acquisition of real property from a related party, information regarding appraisal of the reasonableness of the preliminary transaction terms in accordance with Article 14 and Article 15.

Article 13

When the Company intends to acquire or dispose of real property from or to a related party, or when it intends to acquire or dispose of assets other than real property from or to a related party and the transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of the Company's total assets, or NT\$300 million or more, except in trading of government bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale agreements, or subscription or redemption of domestic money market funds, the Company may not proceed to enter into a transaction contract or make a payment until the following matters have been approved by the board of directors and recognized by the supervisors:

- 1. The purpose, necessity and anticipated benefit of the acquisition or disposal of assets.
- 2. The reason for choosing the related party as a trading counterparty.
- 3. With respect to the acquisition of real property from a related party, information regarding appraisal of the reasonableness of the preliminary transaction terms in accordance with Article 14 and Article 15.
- 4. The date and price at which the related party originally acquired

According to the Regulations, the domestic money market funds are limited to those issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises.

- 4. The date and price at which the related party originally acquired the real property, the original trading counterparty, and that trading counterparty's relationship party.
- 5. Monthly cash flow forecasts for the year commencing from the anticipated month of signing of the contract, and evaluation of the necessity of the transaction, and reasonableness of the utilization.
- 6. An appraisal report from a professional appraiser or a CPA's with Article 11.
- 7. Restrictive covenants and other important stipulations associated with the transaction.

The calculation ofthe transaction amounts referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be made in accordance with Article 25, paragraph 2 herein, and "within the preceding year" as used herein refers to the year preceding the date of occurrence of the current transaction. Items that have been approved by the audit committee and board of directors need not be counted toward the transaction amount.

With respect to the acquisition of business-use disposal equipment between the Company and its subsidiaries, the Company's board of directors may delegate the board chairman to decide such

the real property, the original trading counterparty. and that trading counterparty's relationship to the Company and the related party.

- to the Company and the related 5. Monthly cash flow forecasts for the year commencing from the anticipated month of signing of the contract, and evaluation of the necessity of the transaction, and reasonableness of funds the utilization.
 - funds 6. An appraisal report from a professional appraiser or a CPA's opinion obtained in compliance with Article 11.
- opinion obtained in compliance 7. Restrictive covenants and other important stipulations associated with the transaction.

The calculation ofthe transaction amounts referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be made in accordance with Article 25, paragraph 2 herein, and "within the preceding year" as used herein refers to the year preceding the date of occurrence of the current transaction. Items that have been approved by the audit committee and board of directors need not be counted toward the transaction amount.

With respect to the acquisition of business-use disposal equipment between the Company and its subsidiaries, the Company's board of directors may delegate the board chairman to decide such

the domestic money market funds are explicitly limited to those issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises.

within a certain amount and have the within a certain amount and have the decisions subsequently submitted to decisions subsequently submitted to and ratified by the next board of and ratified by the next board of directors meeting.

When a matter is submitted for discussion by the board of directors discussion by the board of directors pursuant to paragraph 1, the board of pursuant to paragraph 1, the board of shall take into directors each consideration director's opinions. If an independent director's opinions. If an independent director objects to or expresses director objects to or expresses reservations about any matter, it shall reservations about any matter, it shall be recorded in the minutes of the be recorded in the minutes of the board of directors meeting.

When a matter is submitted for discussion by the audit committee discussion by the audit committee pursuant to paragraph 1, it shall be pursuant to paragraph 1, it shall be approved by more than half of all approved by more than half of all audit committee members submitted to the board of directors submitted to the board of directors for resolution, Article 31, paragraph for resolution, Article 31, paragraph 3 and paragraph 4 shall apply mutatis 3 and paragraph 4 shall apply mutatis mutandis to the audit committee.

matters when the transaction is matters when the transaction is directors meeting.

> When a matter is submitted for full directors shall take into each independent consideration independent board of directors meeting.

> > When a matter is submitted for and audit committee members mutandis to the audit committee.

Article 15

When the results of the Company's appraisal conducted in Company's appraisal conducted in construction profit is accordance with paragraph 1 and accordance with paragraph 1 and amended according to paragraph 2 of the preceding Article paragraph 2 of the preceding Article Article 16 of the than are uniformly lower transaction price, the matter shall be transaction price, the matter shall be handled in compliance with Article handled in compliance with Article 17. However, where the following 17. However, where the following circumstances exist. evidence has been submitted and evidence has been submitted and specific opinions on reasonableness specific opinions on reasonableness have been obtained from professional real property appraiser professional real property appraiser and a CPA have been obtained, this and a CPA have been obtained, this

Article 15

When the results of the are uniformly lower than objective circumstances exist. objective a have been obtained

the The reasonable the Regulations.

restriction shall not apply:

- undeveloped land or leased land for development, it may submit proof of compliance with one of the following conditions:
 - A. Where undeveloped land is appraised in accordance with the means in the preceding and Article. structures according to the related party's construction cost reasonable construction profit are valued in excess of the actual transaction price. The "Reasonable construction profit" shall be deemed the average gross operating profit margin of the related party's construction division over the most recent 3 years or the gross profit margin for the construction industry for the recent period most as announced by the Ministry of Finance, whichever is lower.
 - B. Completed transactions by unrelated parties within the preceding year involving other floors of the same property or neighboring or closely valued parcels of land, where the land area and transaction terms are similar after calculation reasonable price discrepancies in floor or area land prices in accordance with standard property market practices.
 - C. Completed leasing transactions

restriction shall not apply:

- 1. Where the related party acquired 1. Where the related party acquired undeveloped land or leased land for development, it may submit proof of compliance with one of the following conditions:
 - A. Where undeveloped land is appraised in accordance with the means in the preceding and Article. structures according to the related party's construction cost reasonable construction profit are valued in excess of the actual transaction price. The "Reasonable construction profit" shall be deemed the gross profit margin for the construction industry for the period most recent announced by the Ministry of Finance.
 - Completed transactions unrelated parties within preceding year involving other floors of the same property or neighboring or closely valued parcels of land, where the land area and transaction terms are similar after calculation reasonable price discrepancies in floor or area land prices in with accordance standard property market practices.
 - C. Completed leasing transactions

by unrelated parties for other floors of the same property from within the preceding year where the transaction terms are similar after calculation of reasonable price discrepancies among floors in accordance with standard property leasing market practices.

2. Where the Company acquiring real 2. Where the Company acquiring real property from a related party provides evidence that the terms of the transaction are similar to transactions the terms of completed for the acquisition of neighboring or closely valued parcels of land of a similar size by unrelated parties within the preceding year.

transactions Completed for neighboring or closely valued parcels neighboring or closely valued parcels of land in the preceding paragraph in of land in the preceding paragraph in principle refers to parcels on the principle refers to parcels on the same or an adjacent block and within same or an adjacent block and within a distance of no more than 500 a distance of no more than 500 meters or parcels close in publicly meters or parcels close in publicly announced current value; transaction announced current value; transaction sized for similarly parcels principle refers to transactions principle completed by unrelated parties for completed by unrelated parties for parcels with a land area of no less parcels with a land area of no less than 50 percent of the property in the than 50 percent of the property in the planned transaction; within preceding year refers to the year preceding year refers to the year preceding the date of occurrence of preceding the date of occurrence of the acquisition of the real property.

by unrelated parties for other floors of the same property from within the preceding year where the transaction terms are similar after calculation of reasonable price discrepancies among floors in accordance with standard property leasing market practices.

property from a related party provides evidence that the terms of the transaction are similar to the terms oftransactions completed for the acquisition of neighboring or closely valued parcels of land of a similar size by unrelated parties within the preceding year.

Completed transactions for in for similarly sized parcels refers transactions the planned transaction; the acquisition of the real property.

Article 16 (Omitted)

Article 16 (Omitted)

Section III Mergers and Consolidations, Splits, Acquisitions, and Shares

(Newly increased)

Charter name is added according to the Regulations.

Article 17

When conducting merger. demerger, acquisition, or transfer of demerger, acquisition, or transfer of Regulations, it is not shares, prior to convening the board shares, prior to convening the board required to obtain an of directors to resolve on the matter, of directors to resolve on the matter, expert opinion in case the Company shall engage a CPA, the Company shall engage a CPA, of mergers with, attorney, or securities underwriter to attorney, or securities underwriter to directly or indirectly, give an opinion on reasonableness of the share exchange reasonableness of the share exchange subsidiaries. acquisition price. ratio. distribution of cash or other property distribution of cash or other property to shareholders, and submit it to the to shareholders, and submit it to the board of directors for deliberation board of directors for deliberation and However, passage. requirement of obtaining an aforesaid opinion on reasonableness issued by an expert may be exempted in the case of a merger by the Company of a subsidiary in which it directly or indirectly holds 100 percent of the issued shares or authorized capital.

Article 17

When conducting a merger, According to the the give an opinion on or ratio. acquisition price, or the and passage.

the wholly-owned

Article 18

When participating in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares, the Company shall prepare a public report to shareholders detailing important contractual content and matters relevant to the merger, demerger, or acquisition include it along with the expert opinion referred to in paragraph 1 of the preceding Article when sending shareholders notification of the shareholders meeting for reference in shareholders meeting for reference in

Article 18

When participating in a merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares, the Company shall prepare a shareholders public report to detailing important contractual content and matters relevant to the merger, demerger, or acquisition prior to the shareholders meeting and prior to the shareholders meeting and include it along with the expert opinion referred to in paragraph 1 of the preceding Article when sending shareholders notification of the

deciding whether to approve the deciding whether to approve the merger, demerger, or acquisition. merger, demerger, or acquisition. Provided, where a provision of Provided, where a provision of another act exempts a company from another act exempts a company from convening a shareholders meeting to convening a shareholders meeting to approve the merger, demerger, or approve the merger, demerger, or acquisition, this restriction shall not acquisition, this restriction shall not apply.

Where the Company's shareholders fails meeting proposal is rejected by shall immediately publicly explain rejected by the shareholders meeting, the reason, the follow-up measures, the companies participating in the shareholders meeting.

apply.

Where the shareholders meeting Revision of wording. to of any one of the companies convene or pass a resolution due to participating in a merger, demerger, lack of a quorum, insufficient votes, or acquisition fails to convene or or other legal restriction, or the pass a resolution due to lack of a the quorum, insufficient votes, or other shareholders meeting, the Company legal restriction, or the proposal is and the preliminary date of the next merger, demerger or acquisition shall immediately publicly explain the reason, the follow-up measures, and the preliminary date of the next shareholders meeting.

Article 19~ Article 24 (Omitted)

Chapter III Public Disclosure of

Information

Article 25

Under any of the following circumstances, the acquiring or disposing of assets shall acquiring or disposing of assets shall publicly announce and report the publicly announce and report the relevant information on the FSC's relevant information on the FSC's designated website in the appropriate designated website in the appropriate 2. The domestic money format as prescribed by regulations format as prescribed by regulations within 2 days counting inclusively within 2 days counting inclusively from the date of occurrence of the from the date of occurrence of the event:

1. Acquisition or disposal of real property from or to a related party,

Article 19~ Article 24 (Omitted)

Newly increased

Article 25

Under any of the following 1. This article is Company circumstances, the Company event:

> 1. Acquisition or disposal of real property from or to a related party,

- Chapter name is added.
- amended in accordance with Article 30 of the Regulations.
- market funds is limited to those issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises.

or acquisition or disposal of assets other than real property from or to related party where the transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital, 10 percent or more of the Company's total assets, or NT\$300 million or more; provided, this shall not apply to trading of government bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale agreements, or subscription or redemption of money market funds issued by trust enterprises.

- 2. Merger, demerger, acquisition, or 3. Where an asset transaction other transfer of shares.
- 3. Where the type of asset acquired or disposed is equipment for business the trading use. counterparty is not a related party, and the transaction amount reaches NT\$1 billion or more.
- 4. Where land is acquired under an arrangement on engaging others to build on the Company's own land, engaging others to build on rented land. construction joint and allocation of housing units, joint construction and allocation of ownership percentages, or joint construction and separate sale, and the amount the company expects invest in the transaction reaches NT\$500 million.
- Where an asset transaction other than any of those referred to in the

- or acquisition or disposal of assets 3. The threshold other than real property from or to related party where transaction amount reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital. 10 percent or more of Company's total assets, or NT\$300 million or more; provided, this shall not apply to trading of government bonds or bonds under repurchase and resale agreements, or subscription or redemption of 4. The correction of domestic money market funds.
- domestic securities investment 2. Merger, demerger, acquisition, or transfer of shares.
 - than any of those referred to in the preceding two subparagraphs, a disposal of receivables by financial institution. investment in the mainland China area reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital or NT\$300 million; provided, this shall not apply to the following circumstances:
 - A. Trading of government bonds.
 - B. Securities trading by investment professionals foreign or domestic securities exchanges or over-the-counter markets, or subscription of securities by a securities firm, either in the primary market or in accordance with relevant regulations.

- triggering public announcement and reporting requirement is raised from NT\$500 million per transaction to NT\$1 billion for transactions involving equipment for business use with an unrelated party.
- public announcement of relevant information shall be made within two days counting inclusively from the date of knowing of such error or omission.

preceding four subparagraphs, a disposal of receivables by a financial institution, or an investment in the mainland China area reaches 20 percent or more of paid-in capital or NT\$300 million; provided, this shall not apply to the following circumstances:

- A. Trading of government bonds.
- B. Securities trading by investment professionals on foreign or domestic securities exchanges or over-the-counter markets, or subscription of ordinary corporate bonds or of general bank debentures without equity characteristics that are offered and issued in the domestic primary market.
- C. Trading of bonds under repurchase/resale agreements, or subscription or redemption of money market funds issued by domestic securities investment trust enterprises.

The amount of transactions above shall be calculated as follows:

- 1. The amount of any individual transaction.
- 2. The cumulative transaction amount of acquisitions and disposals of the same type of underlying asset with the same trading counterparty within the preceding year.

- C. Trading of bonds under repurchase/resale agreements, or subscription or redemption of domestic money market funds.
- D. There the type of asset acquired or disposed is equipment/machinery for business use, the trading counterparty is not a related party, and the transaction amount is less than NT\$500 million.
- E. Where land is acquired under an arrangement on engaging others to build on the Company's own land, engaging others to build on rented land, joint construction and allocation of housing units, joint construction and allocation of ownership percentages, or joint construction and separate sale, and the amount the company expects to invest in the transaction is less than NT\$500 million.

The amount of transactions above shall be calculated as follows:

- 1. The amount of any individual transaction.
- The cumulative transaction amount of acquisitions and disposals of the same type of underlying asset with the same trading counterparty within the preceding year.

- The cumulative transaction of amount real property acquisitions and disposals (cumulative acquisitions and disposals, respectively) within the same development project within the preceding year.
- The transaction 4. cumulative of acquisitions amount and disposals (cumulative acquisitions and disposals, respectively) of the same security within the preceding year.

"Within the preceding year" as used in the preceding paragraph used in the preceding paragraph refers to the year preceding the date refers to the year preceding the date occurrence of the transaction. Items duly announced in transaction. Items duly announced in accordance with these Regulations accordance with these Regulations need not be counted toward the need not be counted toward the transaction amount.

The Company at the time of public announcement makes an error public announcement makes an error or omission in an item required by or omission in an item required by regulations to be publicly announced regulations to be publicly announced and so is required to correct it, all the and so is required to correct it, all the again publicly items announced and reported in their announced and reported in their entirety within two days counting entirety. inclusively from the date of knowing of such error or omission.

The Company acquiring or disposing of assets shall keep all disposing of assets shall keep all relevant contracts, meeting minutes, relevant contracts, meeting minutes, log books, appraisal reports and log books, appraisal reports and CPA, and securities CPA, attorney, underwriter opinions at the company underwriter opinions at the company headquarters, where they shall be headquarters, where they shall be retained for 5 years except where

- 3. The cumulative transaction amount ofreal property acquisitions and disposals (cumulative acquisitions and disposals, respectively) within the same development project within the preceding year.
- The cumulative transaction of amount acquisitions and disposals (cumulative acquisitions and disposals, respectively) of the same security within the preceding year.

"Within the preceding year" as current of occurrence of transaction amount.

> The Company at the time of shall be again

> This Company acquiring or attorney, and securities retained for 5 years except where

another act provides otherwise.	another act provides otherwise.	
Chapter IV Additional Provisions	(Newly increased)	Chapter name is added according to the Regulations.
Article 27	Article 27	
Information required to be publicly announced and reported in accordance with the regulations of FSC on acquisitions and disposals of assets by a subsidiary of the Company that is not itself a public company in Taiwan shall be reported by the Company. The paid-in capital or total assets of the Company shall be the standard for determining whether or not a subsidiary referred to in the preceding paragraph is subject to Article 25, paragraph 1 requiring a public announcement and regulatory filing in the event the type of	Information required to be publicly announced and reported in accordance with the regulations of FSC on acquisitions and disposals of assets by a subsidiary of the Company that is not itself a public company in Taiwan shall be reported by the Company. The paid-in capital or total assets of the Company shall be the standard for determining whether or not a subsidiary referred to in the preceding paragraph is subject to Article 25, paragraph 1, subparagraph 3, requiring a public announcement and regulatory filing	-
transaction specified therein reaches	- -	
20 percent of paid-in capital or 10	· .	
percent of the total assets.	of paid-in capital or 10 percent of the total assets.	
Article 28~ Article 32 (Omitted)	Article 28~ Article 32 (Omitted)	
AT HOLE 20 AT HOLE 32 (OHIHITEA)	At ticle 20. At ticle 32 (Offitted)	